1

Latest Update from DUNE ND-LAr 2 × 2 Prototype

(Update: November 27, 2024)

M. Bilal Azam, Zelimir Djurcic et. al.



Current Status

- The 2 × 2 Prototype is in action: Recorded its first data in from July 8th to July 12th (4 a.m.) NuMI beam in RHC mode (4.5 days).
 - For high-level validation, a ~2-hour period of <u>measured data</u>, from midnight to 2am on July 9, is available.
- We also have 3.5-days <u>simulated data</u> (with 1E19 POT).
- We developed a preliminary selection criteria and used this to analyze comparisons between sandbox 2 × 2 real data and the produced simulated data.
- The selection was performed by ML-reco reconstruction implemented at CAFs level on Reconstructed Data and Reconstructed MC Simulation.

Signal Selection

- All interactions have at least one outgoing muon candidate and are within LArFV.
- For each module, distance from outer walls is set to 5 cm in all directions (except cathodes).
- Muon 2x2 MINERvA pairing is further applied on muons from these interactions.
- Minimum track length is set to be greater than > 2 cm.
- Multiplicity plots are shown with the full event selection.



FV Bounds are (in cm) *X* (-63.931, +63.931) *Y* (-62.076, +62.076) *Z* (-64.538, +64.538)

Charged Track Multiplicity Distribution (Module-by-Module Basis)

- Multiplicity distribution for charged tracks (muons, protons, charged pions, charged kaons), with the full event selection, is shown.
- > Number of interactions in MC simulation is normalized to the number of interactions in data.
- Same normalization factor is applied in the rest of the talk when MC and data are compared.





Neutrino Interaction Vertices

- ID histograms of neutrino interaction vertices from data and MC simulation are shown, from full event selection.
- MC simulation is normalized according to data and normalization factor is calculated from total number of interactions.

Vertex-x



Vertex-y



> Vertex-z



Neutrino Interaction Vertices

- > Neutrino interaction vertices, for reconstructed data and reconstructed MC simulation, are shown within LArFV.
- \succ Data-Reco (x vs. y)



 \succ Data-Reco (z vs. y)





\succ Data-Reco (z vs. x)



Neutrino Interaction Vertices

> 1D histograms of neutrino interaction vertices from MC simulation are shown, from full event selection.

- \succ We can see spikes around cathodes ($x = \pm 35$ cm).
- \succ This is the zoomed-in neutrino vertices shown on the previous slide.



Individual Charged Track Multiplicity Distribution (All Modules)

- > Multiplicity distribution for muons, charged pions, protons, and kaons with the full event selection, is shown.
- > Normalization is applied based on the total charged track multiplicity.
- > There are multiple muon candidates can be seen in the muon distribution.

Muons



Charged Pions



Individual Charged Track Multiplicity Distribution (All Modules) [contd.]

- Multiplicity distribution for muons, charged pions, protons, and kaons with the full event selection, is shown.
- > Normalization is applied based on the total charged track multiplicity.

Charged Kaons



Protons



Study of Some Features around Cathodes

> We notices some potentially interesting features (spikes) at cathode locations, in the MC simulation.

> We try to examine these features.

Neutrino Interaction Vertices around Cathodes

- Neutrino interaction vertices, for reconstructed MC simulation, are shown around 5 cm region of both cathodes.
- Breakdown of interactions:
 - Negative Cathode (-30 < x < -40 cm): 907
 - Positive Cathode (+30 < x < +40 cm): 860



Muon Multiplicity Distribution around Cathodes

- Multiplicity distribution for muons, with the full event selection, is shown around each cathode.
- There are approximately equal number of multiple muon candidates around both cathodes.
- We will repeat this study near anode walls between modules.
 - We further plan to look at the track length and angular distributions of each muon to better understand this multiple muon candidacy.
- Negative Cathode



Positive Cathode



Summary

- Studied the 2 × 2 multiplicity events with the latest measured data and reconstructed simulation (MiniRun6.1) with the existing event selection.
- Stats are low but presented reconstructed distributions provide a guidance on what to expect from next run of 2 × 2 measured data.
- > Some interesting features are observed at cathode location, and we started to look at them.
- ➤ Our plans are to:
 - Relax existing cuts and optimize the selection.
 - hand scan these events in the SPINE Flow files and traceback to their truth counterparts.

Backup Slides