# Homework Q&A: E-310/3-311/E-315



Q: "E310: Formulate the experimental plan with quantifiable physics goals (list of key parameters) and where you're now (FY24) and where you plan to be in FY25."

### Q refined:

"1. While the goal of E310 experiment is generally understood, it'd be helpful to have a list of parameters which you hope to achieve and, therefore, demonstrate success.

2. Given that you had only one shift in 2024, only some intermediate results are available - how they compared to what you aim for (item 1)?

3. What do you plan to accomplish in FY25 and beyond? - again, along the line of the attainment of ideally desired ones."



#### hhu Heinrich Heine Universität Düsseldorf

### Timeline granularity:

- Program goals: E-310: Trojan Horse-II, E-311, E-315 Afterglow Metrology
- ►FY24 goals FY25 goals -

### • 8-hr shift • FY24: only one 8hr shift, so shift goals = FY24 goals

### Program goals have not changed since proposal acceptance, for E-310 they are:

The objectives above imply the following success definitions:

- Demonstration of TH injection with sub-10% shot-to-shot variability
- Demonstration of TH in (near)-collinear geometry
- Production of nm-rad scale (and corresponding boosted brightness) electron

with precision injection allow controlled designer beam production. The wider channel/lower plasma densities are useful for a number of reasons:

- to improve injection precision and stability
- to minimize residual energy spread [3]
- to avoid driver beam and wakefield hot spots as potential source of dark current [4]
- to harness constant accelerating fields over the whole channel length and to realize up to tens of GeV energy gains

The experiment shall for the first time realize plasma photocathodes [1,2]

- in preionized channels which are wide enough to host large blowouts without being squeezed by channel boundaries ( $\sim$ 500 µm vs.  $\sim$ 100 µm as in E210)
- with injector laser-driver beam geometries ≠ 90° (in particular, in collinear geometry)
- with injector laser and driver laser stability enhanced by an order of magnitude vs. E210

## Accelerator and Beam Physics Roadmap for the next 20 years



SLAC 2024 FACET-II PAC & User Meeting

Brendan O'Shea

## To realize we need ionizing injector laser pulse: facility capability does not exist yet





# $FY24 \equiv singular 8-hr shift goals$



### Shift Goals

- 1. Exploration of electron beam self-ionization in H2/He gas mixtures in the bypass line and PB
- Exploration of ionization of mixed gasses in the PB by an axilens and interaction of the electron beam with the plasma volume
- Stretch goal: Exploration of laser-ebeam timing required for plasma photocathode

### All (over) achieved.







- Test e-beam & preionization optics (fat channel)
- Get ionizer sub-component capability at PB and downstream
- Inject in bypass line 2.0
- Measure witness charge tunability by changing plasma photocathode laser energy, 1-100s of pC
- Demonstrate acceleration in long 1m-scale channel, 10-20 GeV energy
- Measure witness energy spread, direct beam-loading
- Measure emittance using existing diagnostics (butterfly method)

Request:

- More shifts!
- Ionizer
- More space (PB2)