

G4Beamline Simulation Details

- Sanjeev ran G4Beamline simulation of a 3 GeV electron beam interacting with a 7 cm x 7 cm x 10 cm volume of LXe.
 - 10 cm is approximately 3.5 LXe radiation lengths
- The LXe volume was divided into 61250 2 mm x 2 mm x 2mm cubes.
- The simulation was performed with 1000 macro particles.
- The simulation records the amount of energy deposited in each 8 mm³ cube.

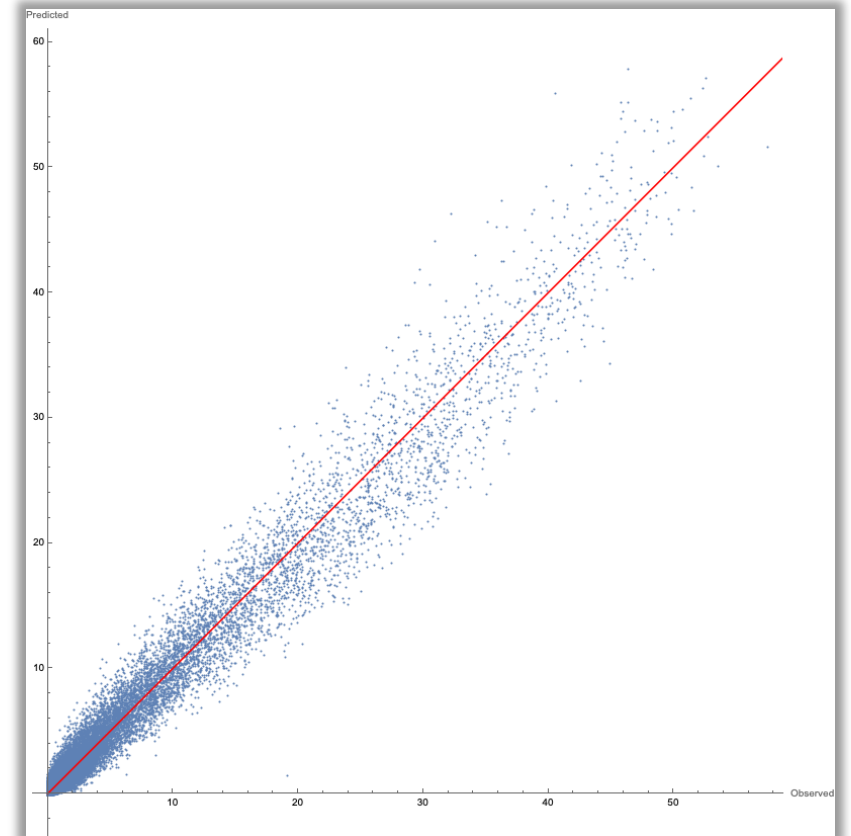
Analysis Details

- The output of the simulation is the amount of energy deposited in each 8 mm³ LXe cube measured in MeV-per-1000 macroparticles.
- The energy was scaled up for 2.5E10 electrons/bunch and 1312 bunches per train to match the ILC values.
 - This is the most demanding set of parameters for the LXe target application.
- The energy per cube was re-scaled to an energy density in J/g, which is the unit used to discuss Peak Energy Deposition Density (PEDD).
- The results are promising because the max PEDD value is below the $\Delta H_{\text{mass}} = 96$ J/g heat of vaporization threshold.

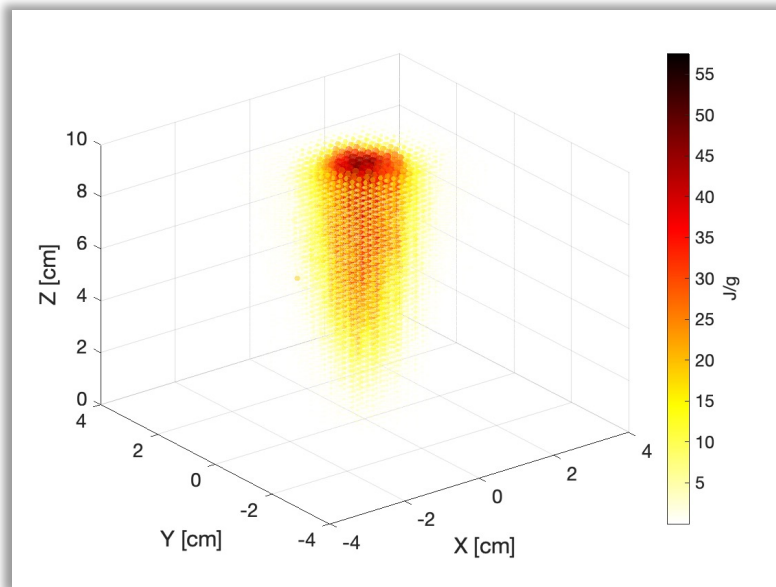
Fit Details

- Nathan performed a symbolic regression in Mathematica to produce the following fit function:
 - $\text{PEDD}(J/g) = -0.15734 - 15.377 * (-1.4087 + \text{ArcSinh}(1.6977 - 0.34648 * z)) * (1.0114 + \text{Erf}(0.44675 - 1.0009 * r))$
 - This function produces negative values at small z and small r . Need additional condition:
 - $\text{PEDD}(\text{PEDD} < 0) = 0$

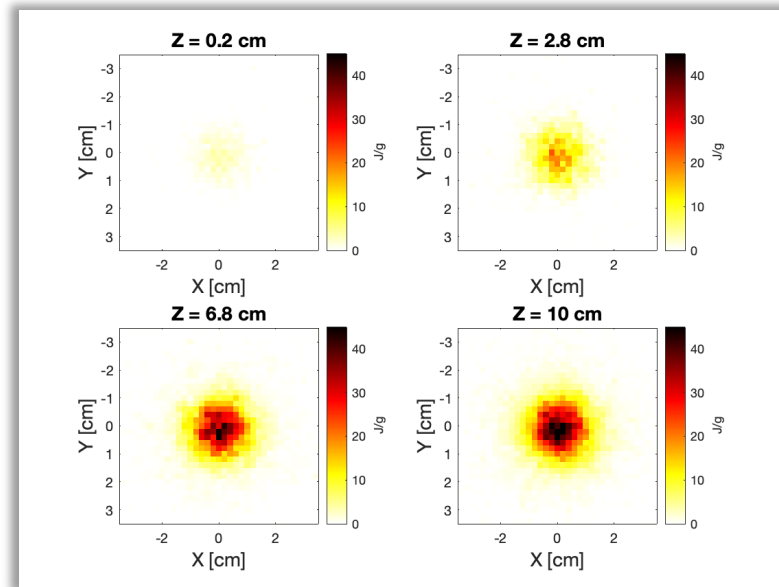
Fit Result



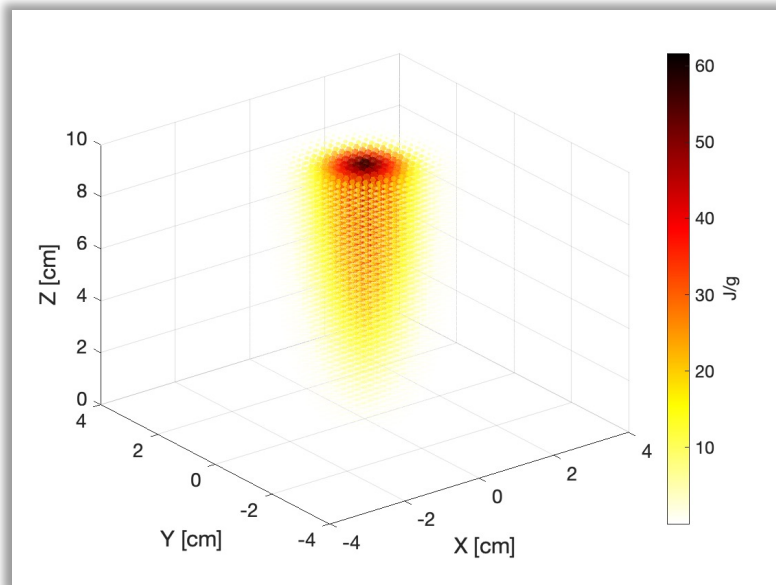
Simulation Output



Simulation Output



Fit Result



Fit Result

