



FAT-GEM detectors for operation in noble elements

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State – of – art

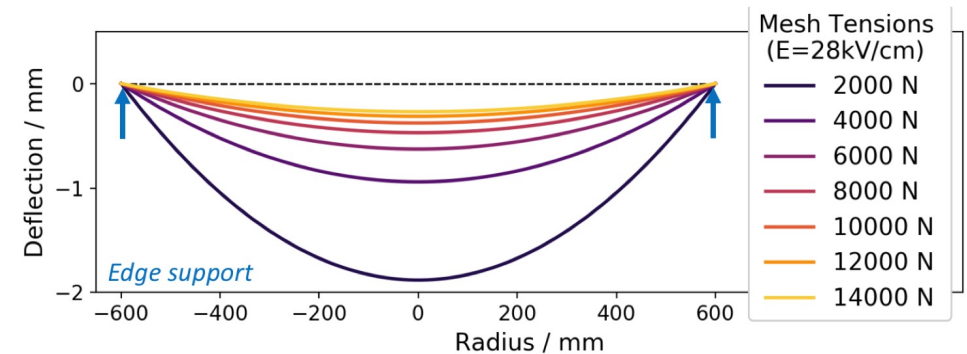
- Meshes (woven, calendered, electroformed, or set as an array of wires) are widely used as secondary scintillation structures in the field of rare event searches
- Excellent energy resolution and ability to detect single-electrons
- Difficult scalability

Loss of tension

mesh-stretching on large areas is complicated

vulnerability to weak points

lack of modularity complicates testing



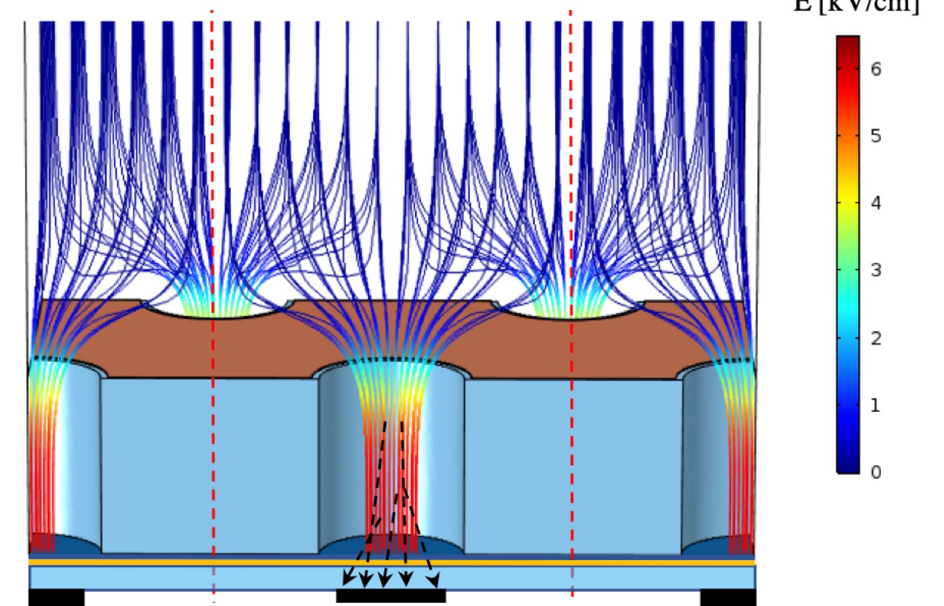
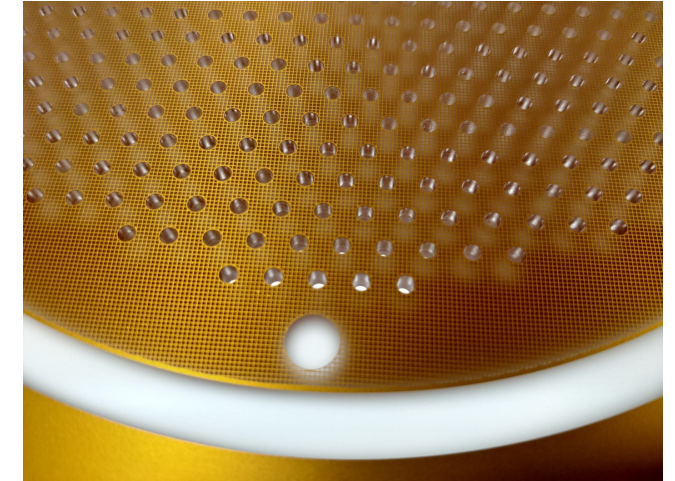
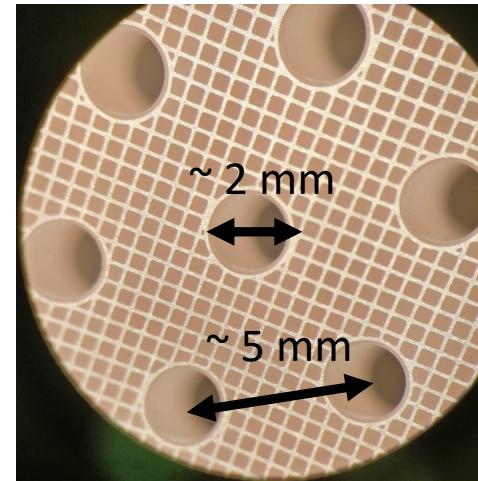
Rogers et al., 2018 *JINST* **13** P10002

State – of – art

FAT-GEMs

(Field-Assisted Transparent Gaseous Electroluminescence Multiplier)

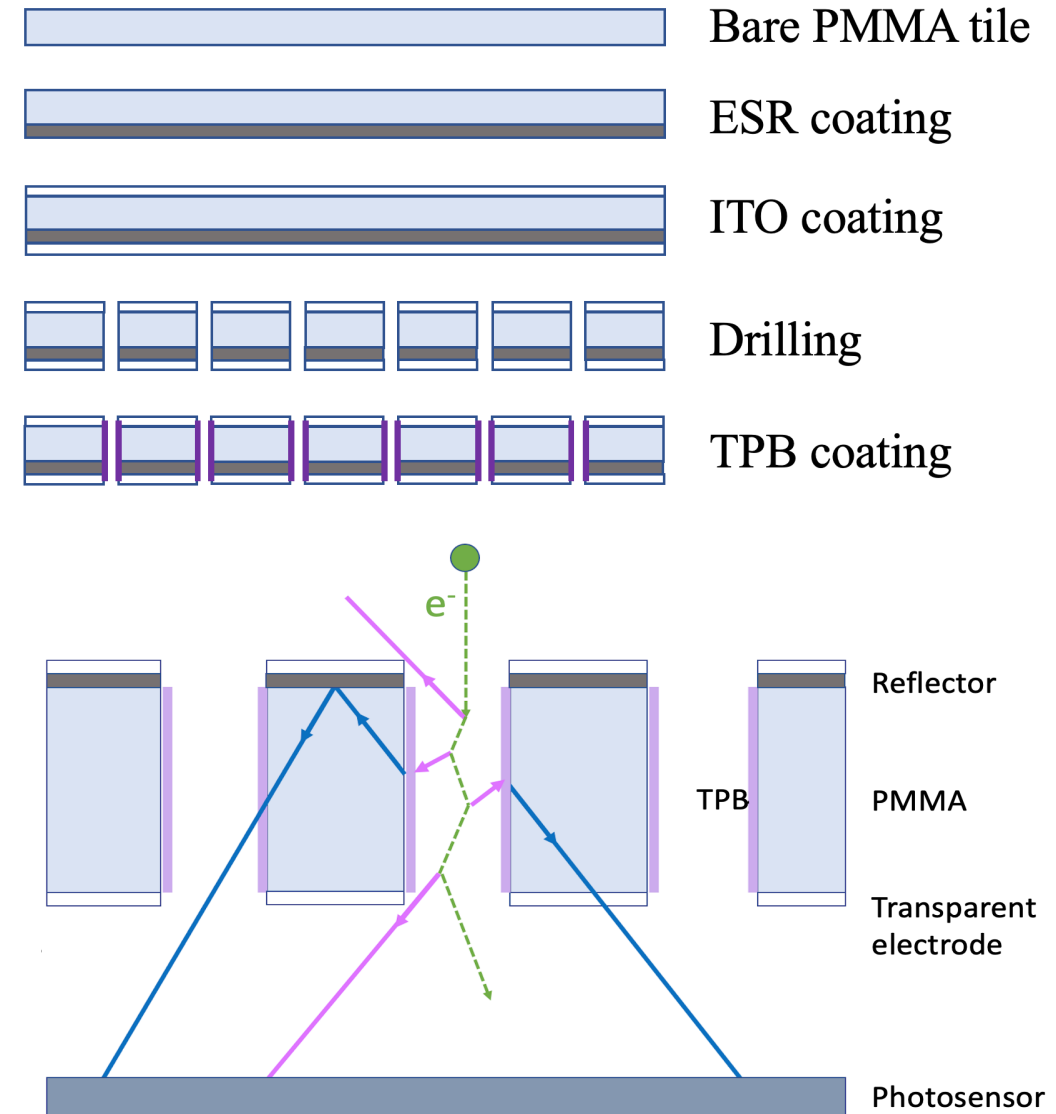
- Scalable
- Radiopure (Radiopurity studied at Canfranc Underground Laboratory (thanks to I. Catalin Bandac and S. Cebrián)
No isotope detected in 47.7 days!)
- Transparent to scintillation



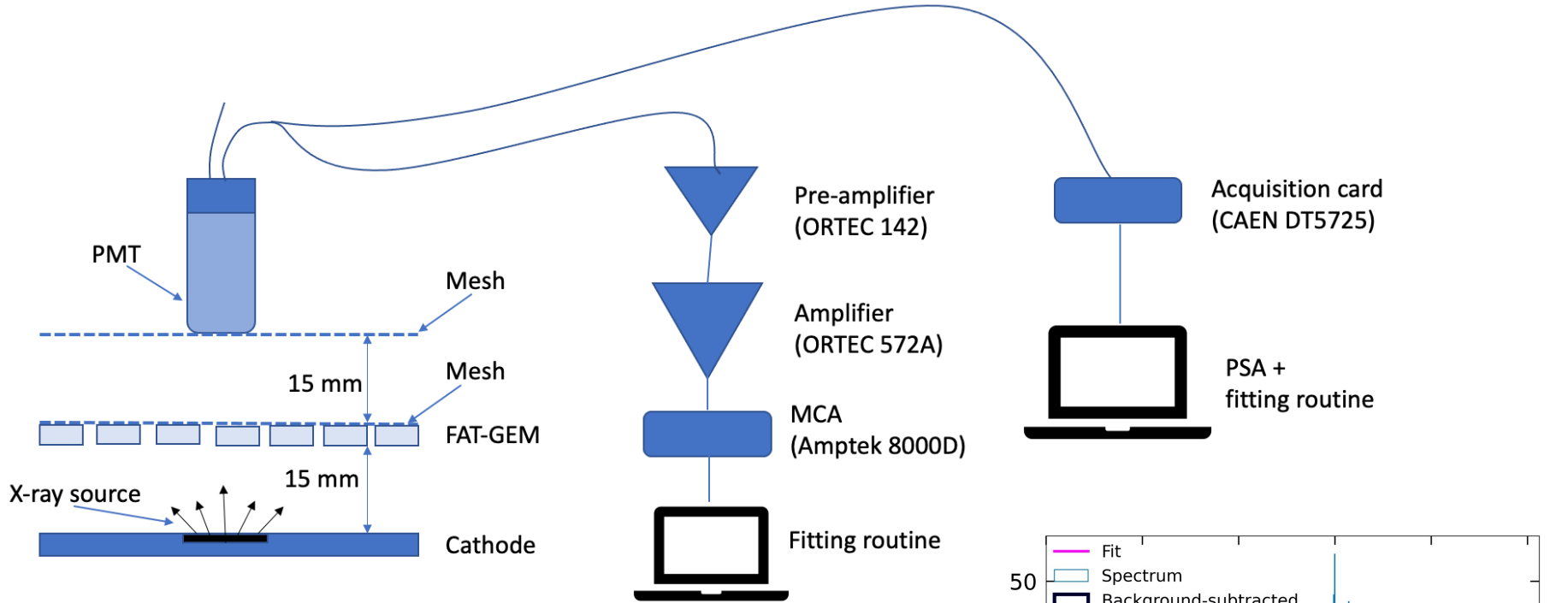
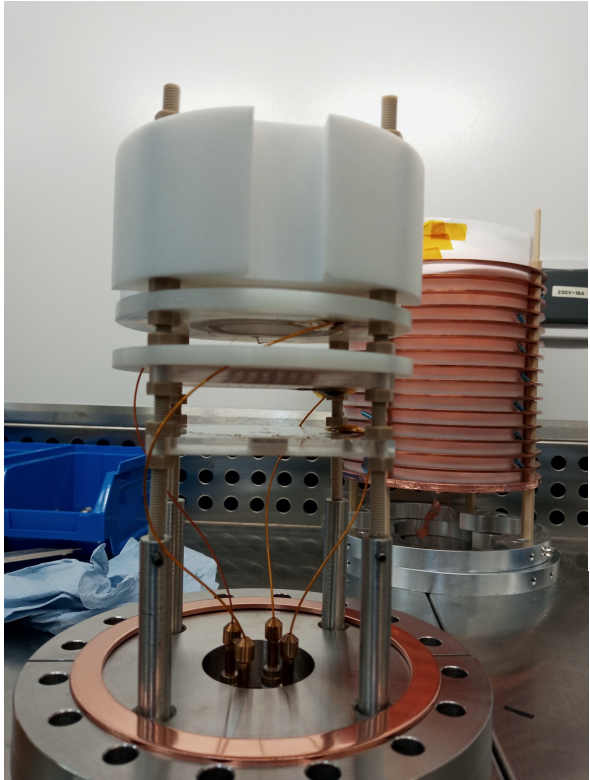
Saa et al., journal of synchrotron radiation, 2021, Volume 28, Part 5

How it's made

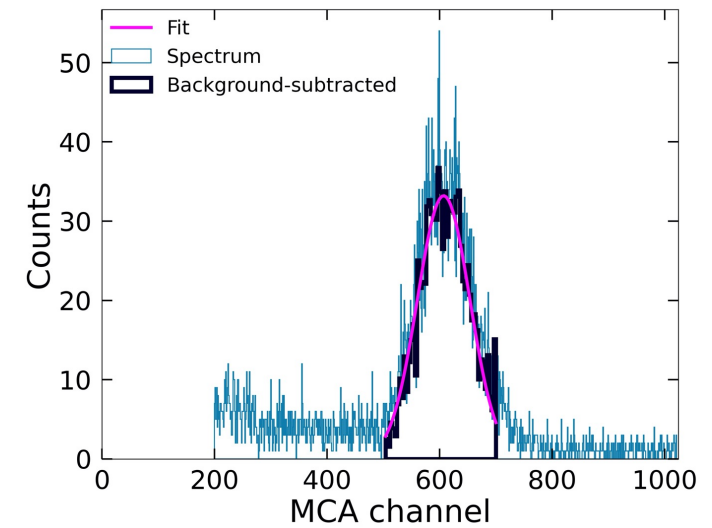
- Fabricated at AstroCeNT (Poland)
- Bulk made of PMMA (Polymethyl methacrylate)
- ITO coating + TPB in the holes
- Area up to 50 cm x 50 cm at least (easily tiled)
- Thickness = 5 mm (!)
(important for high electroluminescence yields)



Setup

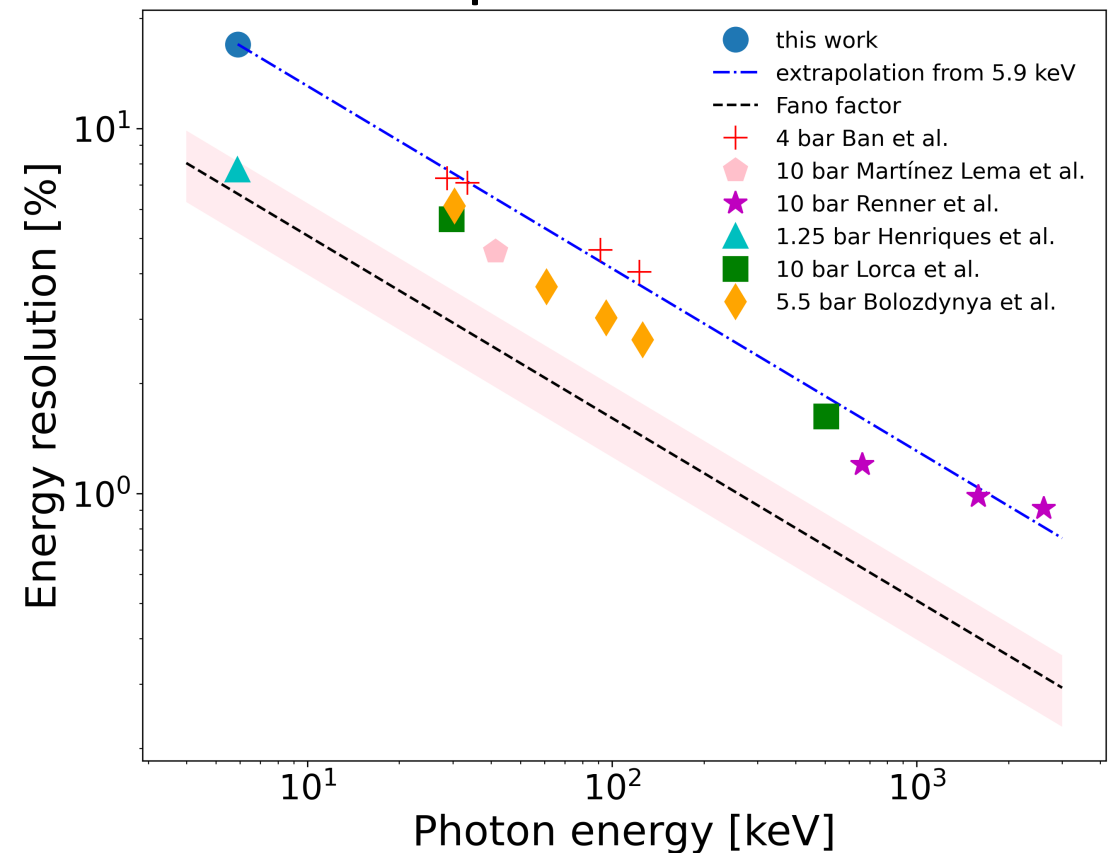
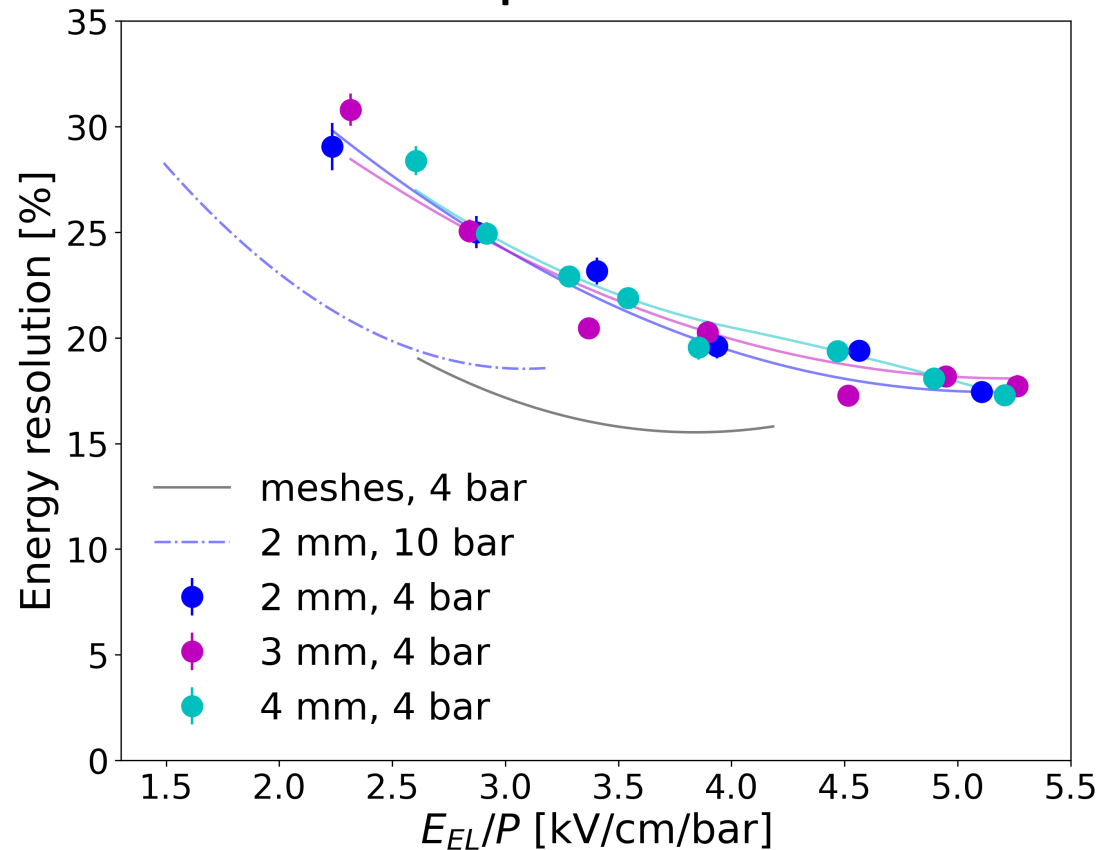


- scan of drift field with a fixed electroluminescence field (E_{EL})
- find the optimal drift field (E_{Dr})
- scan of E_{EL}

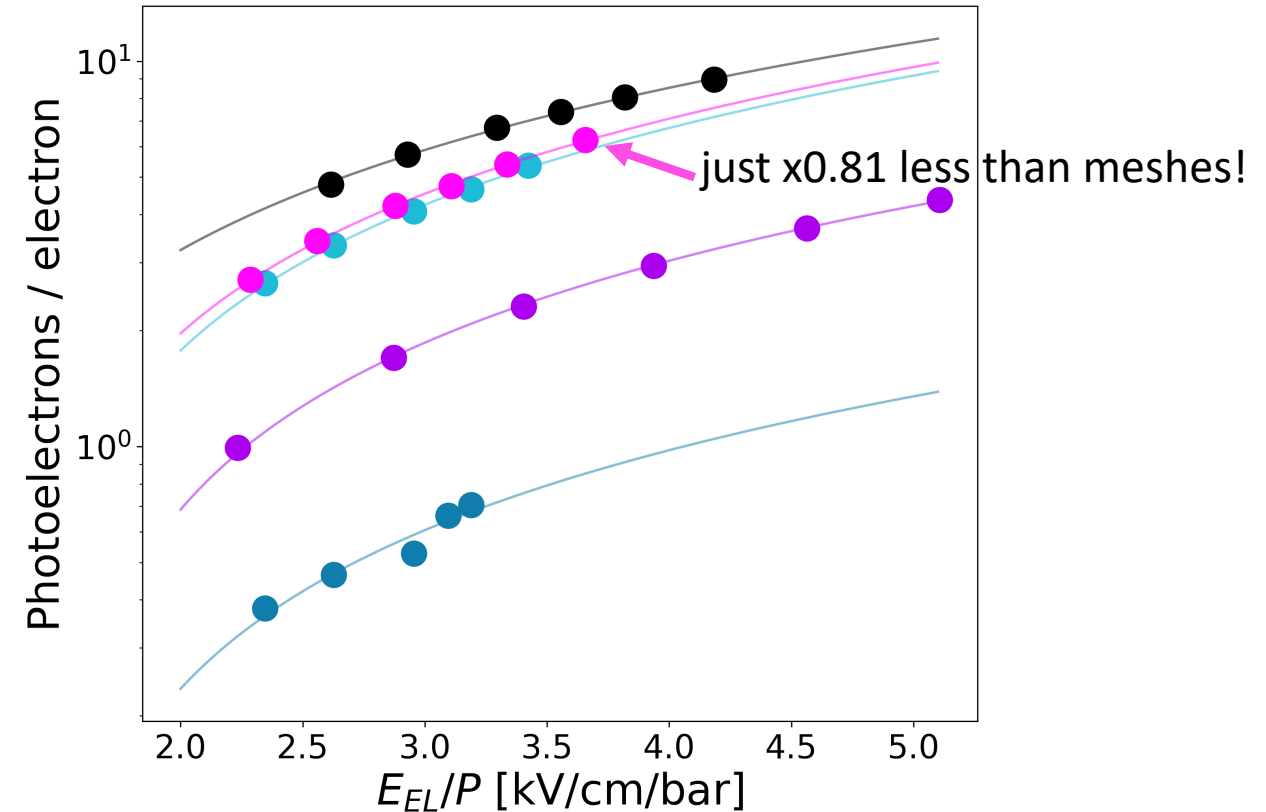
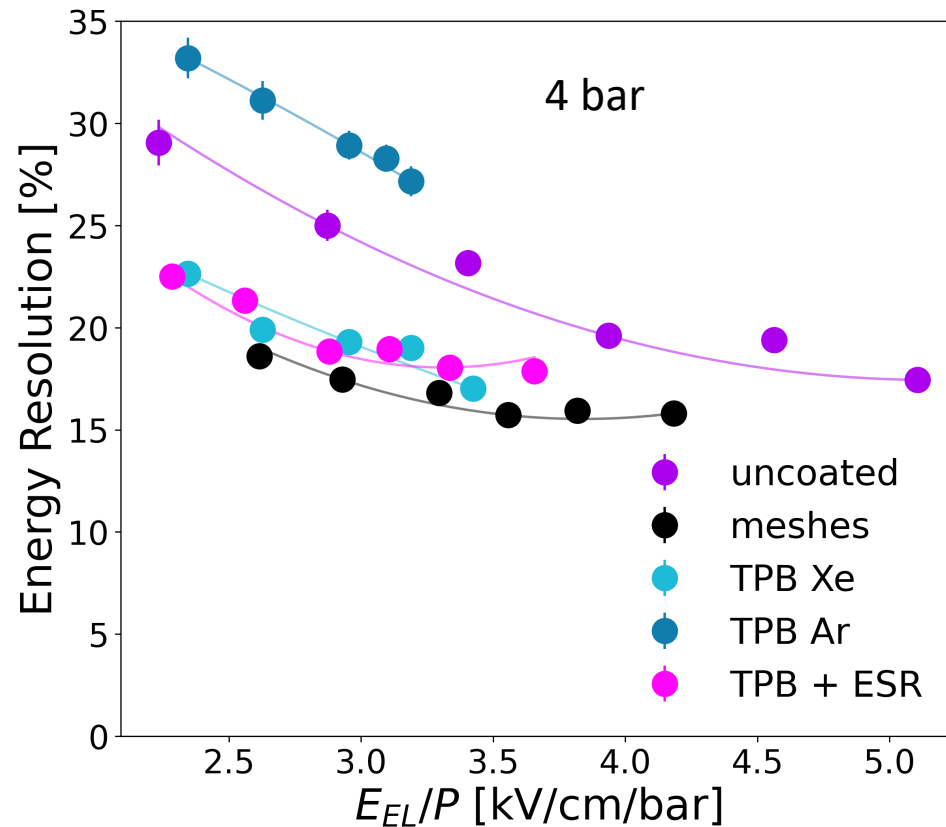


Results – energy resolution

- Best FAT-GEM ER 17% FWHM
- Extrapolated @2615 keV -> 0.85% FWHM
- Result compatible with meshes in the same setup



Results from structures with TPB-coated holes



- Coupling of ESR not ideal
- Optical transparency of ITO we used $\sim 75\%$

-> room for improvement!



Conclusions and outlook

- FATGEMs are promising radiopure and scalable structures for electroluminescence – based noble gas detectors
- We were able to reach (and slightly exceed) the energy resolution scale of neutrinoless double beta decay experiments
- The observed scintillation yields are within $\times 0.81$ of those achievable with meshes
- Room for optimization improving ITO transparency and ESR coupling seems possible. Stay tuned!

Thanks for your attention!

