

C³ Demo R&D Overview and Goals

Cool Copper Collider Workshop, SLAC

Faya Wang

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Acknowledgement

- **Florida State University: Guo Wei, Kourosch Shoele**
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Introduction Staged Approach

- C³ technology: Modularized linac technology based on liquid N₂ cooled c-band cavity.
- Each cryomodule (CM) is about 9 m long and has 4 rafts.
- Each raft has 2 accelerator structures and one quadrupole magnet.
- Each CM can reach up to 0.9 GeV with 4 X 50MW klystrons.

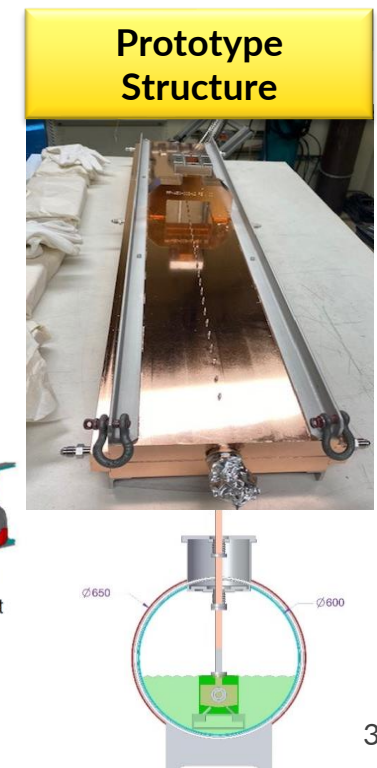
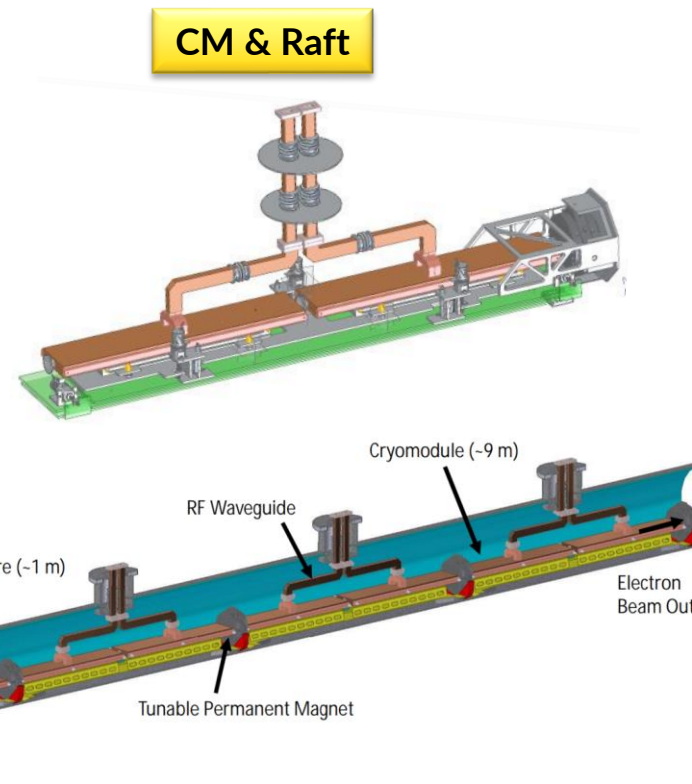
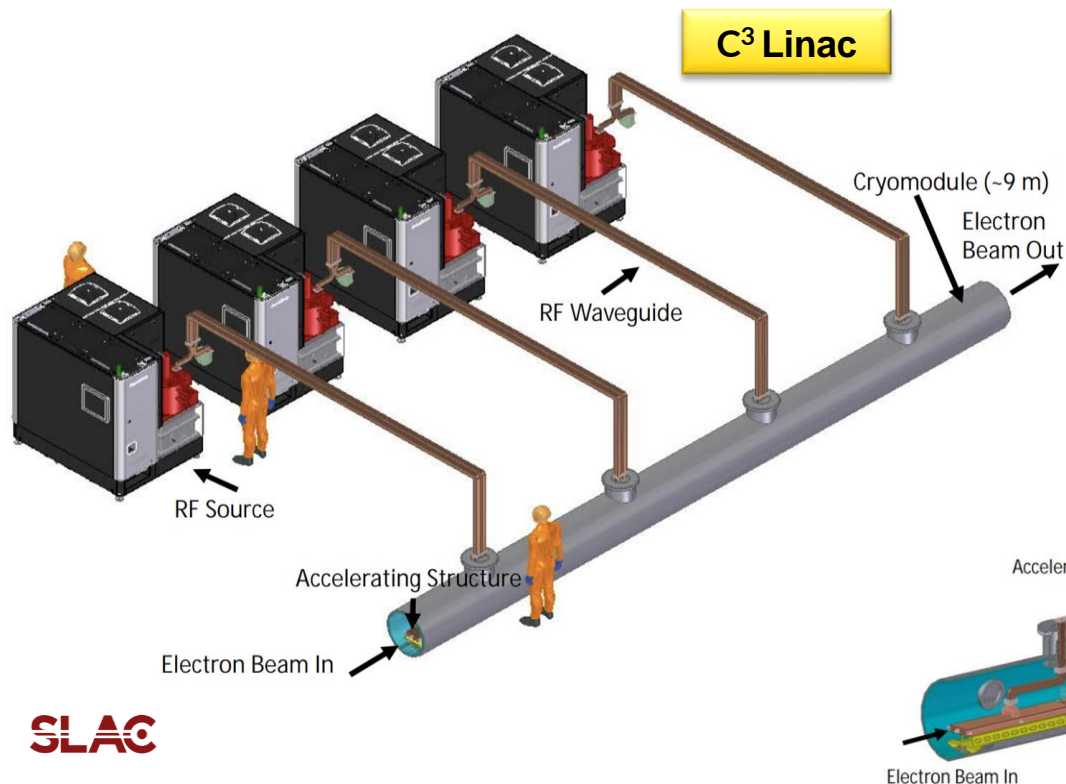


Table of Parameters - 250/550 GeV

Collider	CLIC	ILC	C ³	C ³
CM Energy [GeV]	380	250 (500)	250	550
Luminosity [$\times 10^{34}$]	1.5	1.35	1.3	2.4
Loaded Gradient [MeV/m]	72	31.5	70	120
Geometry Gradient [MeV/m]	57	21	63	108
Length [km]	11.4	20.5 (31)	8	8
Num. Bunches per Train	352	1312	133	75
Train Rep. Rate [Hz]	50	5	120	120
Bunch Spacing [ns]	0.5	369	5.26	3.5
Bunch Charge [nC]	0.83	3.2	1	1
Crossing Angle [rad]	0.0165	0.014	0.014	0.014
Site Power [MW]	168	125	~150	~175
Design Maturity	CDR	TDR	pre-CDR	pre-CDR

Ref: M. Bai et al, SLAC-PUB-17629

Table of Parameters – 250/550 GeV

- Main linac cryogenic heat load
 - 9 MW (C³250, C³550-8km) – 0.4 W/cm² on structure
 - 13.4 MW C³550-7km without Pulse compressor - 0.6 W/cm² on structure

Gradient (MV/m)	Power diss. (W)	rf flat top (ns)	Pulse compr.	Comments	Power/area (W/cm ²)	ΔT Cu-bulk to LN ₂ (K)
70	2500	700	N	C ³ -250	0.393	2.3
120	2500	250	N	C ³ -550	0.393	2.3
155	3900	250	N	C ³ -550 in 7 km	0.614	2.5
120	1650	250	Y	C ³ -550	0.259	2.1

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Introduction Staged Approach

Design Study C³-250-550 GeV LC at the next P5!

Minimum requirement for Demonstration:

- **Demonstrate operation of fully engineered and operational cryomodule**
 - Simultaneous operations of min. 3 cryomodules
 - Demonstrate operation during cryogenic flow equivalent to the main linac
- **Demonstrate beam dynamics**
 - Fully damped-detuned accelerating structures and beam-based alignment
 - Operation with a multi-bunch photo injector
 - Beam diagnostic line
- **Demonstrate full operational gradient 120 MeV/m (and higher > 155 MeV/m) w/ single bunch**
 - Must understand margins for 120 - targeting power for (155 + margin)
 - 18X 50 MW C-band sources - off the shelf units
- **Manufacturability development with industry on rf source, structures and cryomodules.**

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Introduction **Staged Approach**

❖ 4 stages – goals & scope - Impact & Applications

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- **3: CM linac scale-up full demonstration for linear collider (LC)**
 - Beam dynamics demonstration: wakefields, alignment, and stability (jitter, vibration, etc) control.
 - Full cryogenic (gas/LN) flow rate at equivalent heat load of LC.

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- **2: CM scale-up minimum demonstration**
 - Beam dynamics: long range wakefields, beam-based alignment
 - Availability with and without beam

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- **1: CM engineering design study and prototypes**
 - Beam acceleration, beam loading, energy stability
 - Initial verification of RF and CM design

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❖ 4 stages – goals & scope - Impact & Applications

- 2028- 2030
 - **3: CM linac scale-up full demonstration for linear collider (LC)**
 - Beam dynamics demonstration: wakefields, alignment, and stability (jitter, vibration, etc) control.
 - Full cryogenic (gas/LN) flow rate at equivalent heat load of LC.
- 2026- 2028
 - **2: CM scale-up minimum demonstration**
 - Beam dynamics: long range wakefields, beam-based alignment
 - Availability with and without beam
- 2023- 2026
 - **1: CM engineering design study and prototypes**
 - Beam acceleration, beam loading, energy stability
 - Initial verification of RF and CM design
- 2022 - 2023
 - **0: Proof of concept for the most critical structure performance parameters**

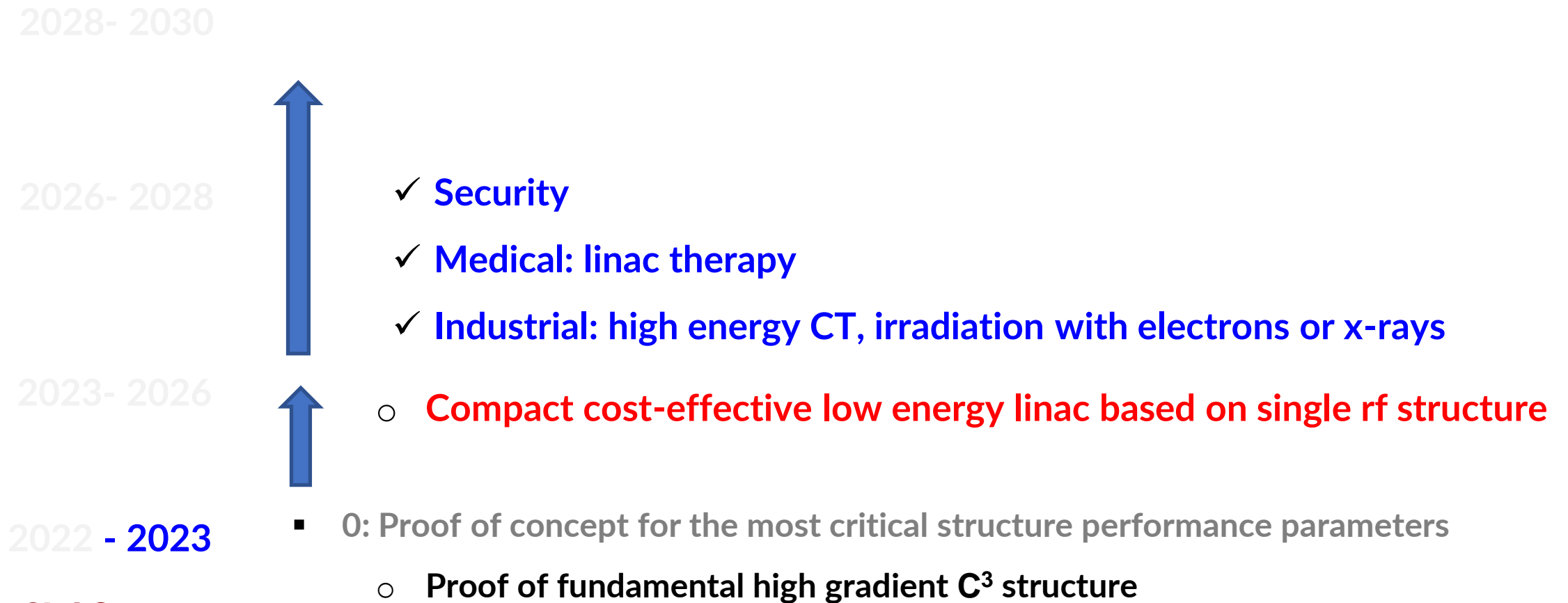
Introduction Staged Approach

❖ 4 stages – goals & scope - Impact & Applications

- 2028- 2030
 - **3: CM linac scale-up full demonstration for linear collider (LC)**
 - A linac of 3 cryomodules
 - A multi-bunch photo injector and beam diagnostic line
 - Cryogenic system for 5.5 L/s LN flow test (9 MW equivalent heat load)
- 2026- 2028
 - **2: CM scale-up minimum demonstration**
 - A linac of single CM (8 rf stations and 8 rf structures)
 - A multi-bunch photo injector and beam diagnostic line
- 2023- 2026
 - **1: CM engineering design study and prototypes**
 - A linac of half CM (2 rf stations and 4 rf structures)
 - Full cryomodule cryogenic study
- 2022 - 2023
 - **0: Proof of concept for the most critical structure performance parameters**
 - Regular structure baseline high power test

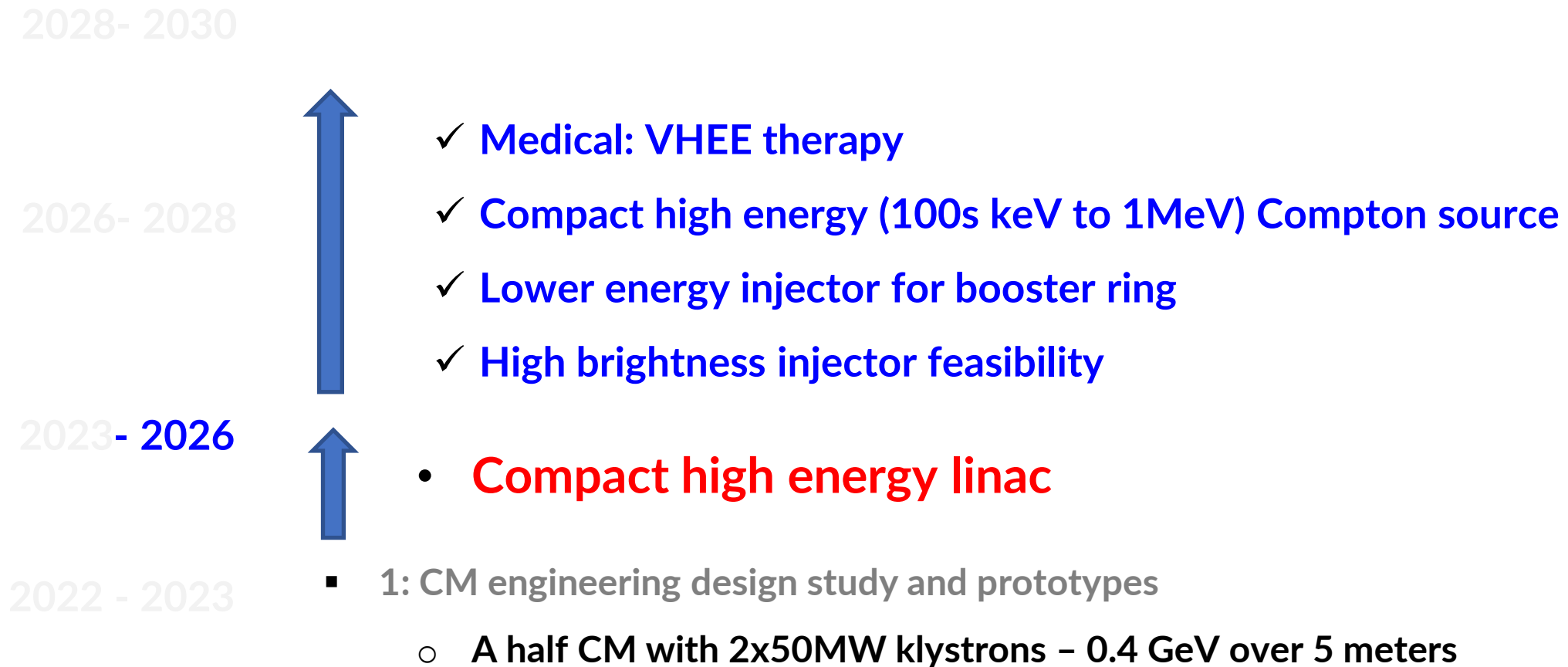
Introduction Staged Approach

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Introduction Staged Approach

❖ 4 stages – goals & scope - **Impact** & **Applications**



Introduction Staged Approach

❖ 4 stages – goals & scope - **Impact** & **Applications**

2028- 2030

2026- 2028

2023- 2026

2022 - 2023



- ✓ Energy booster with existing facilities like LCLS-X
- ✓ Compact light sources like FEL.

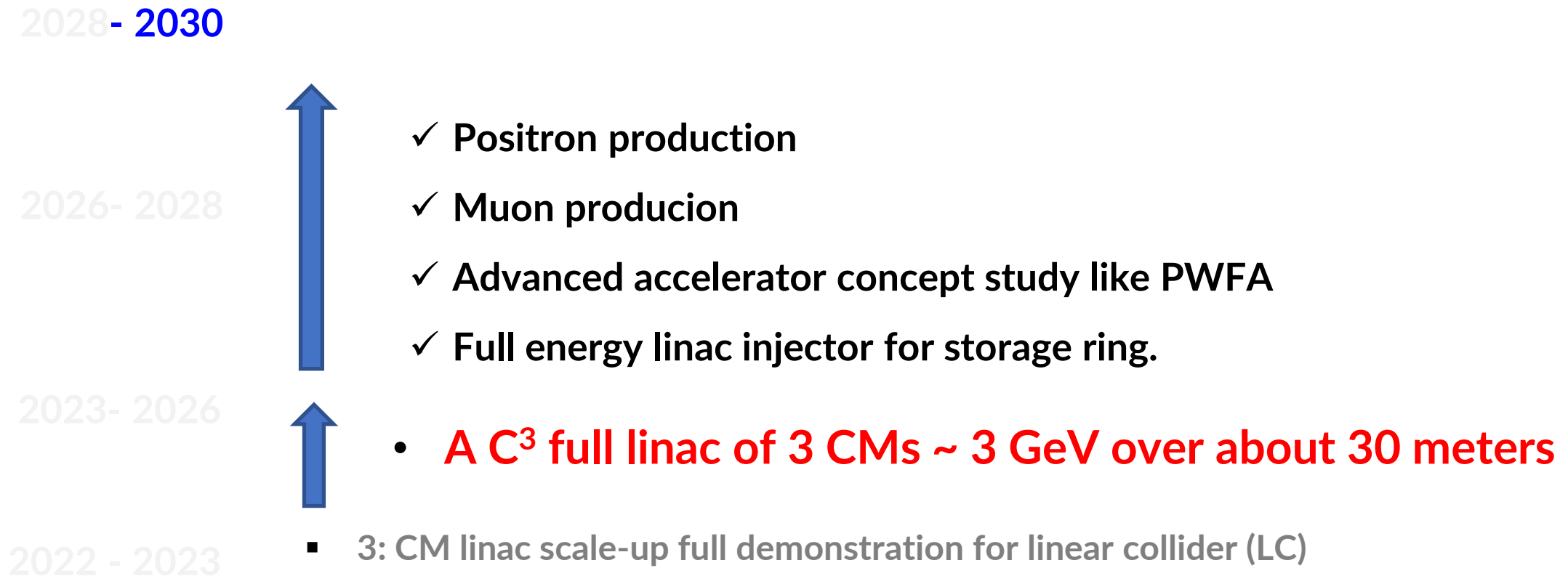
- **Compact high energy linac with cost –effective RF source**

- 2: CM scale-up minimum demonstration

- A single CM linac with 4x50 MW klystrons of ~ 0.9 GeV over 9 meters

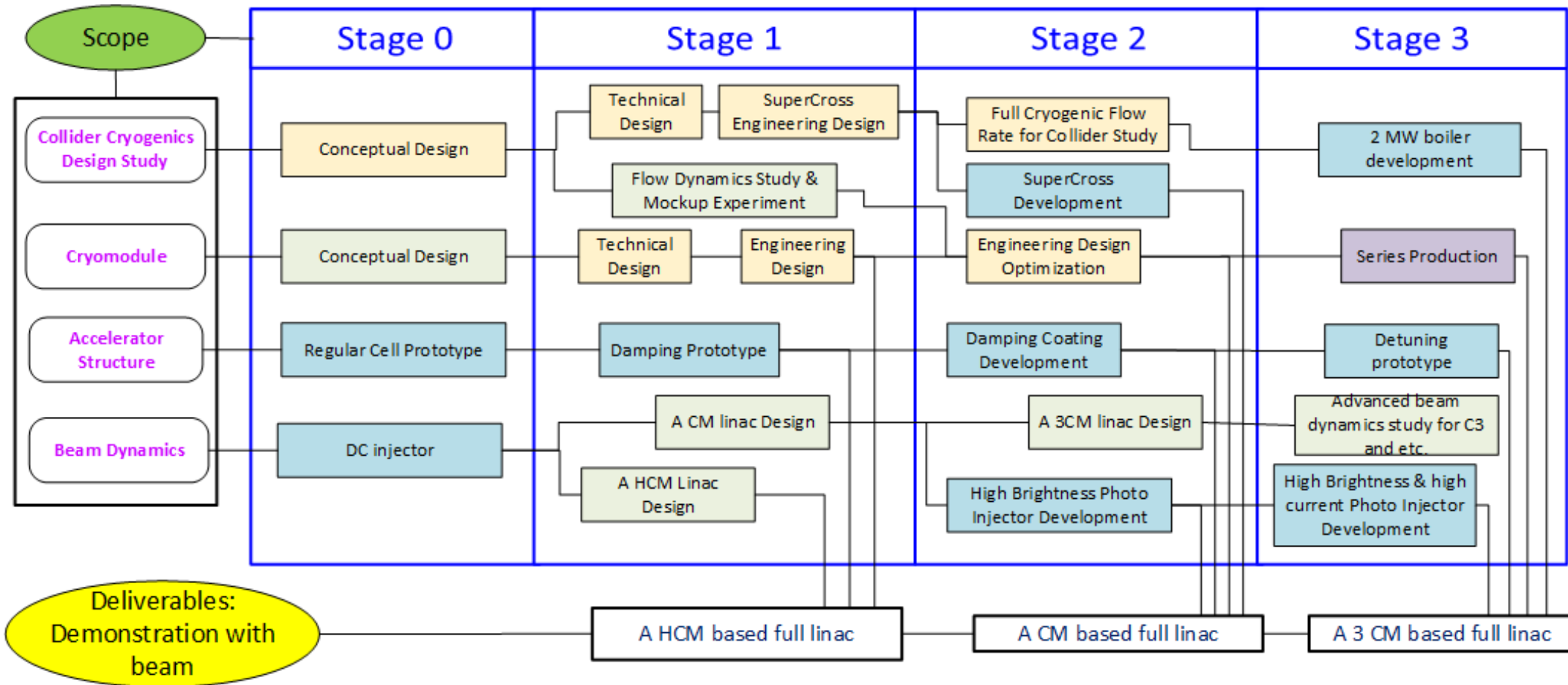
Introduction Staged Approach

❖ 4 stages – goals & scope - **Impact** & **Applications**





Demo R&D Plan Overview



On Going R&D Progress

❖ Structure

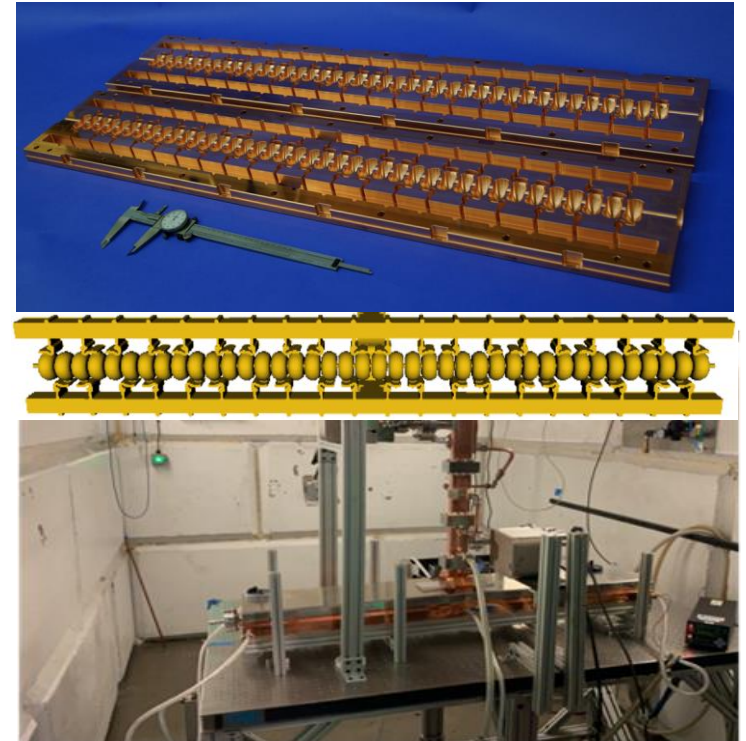
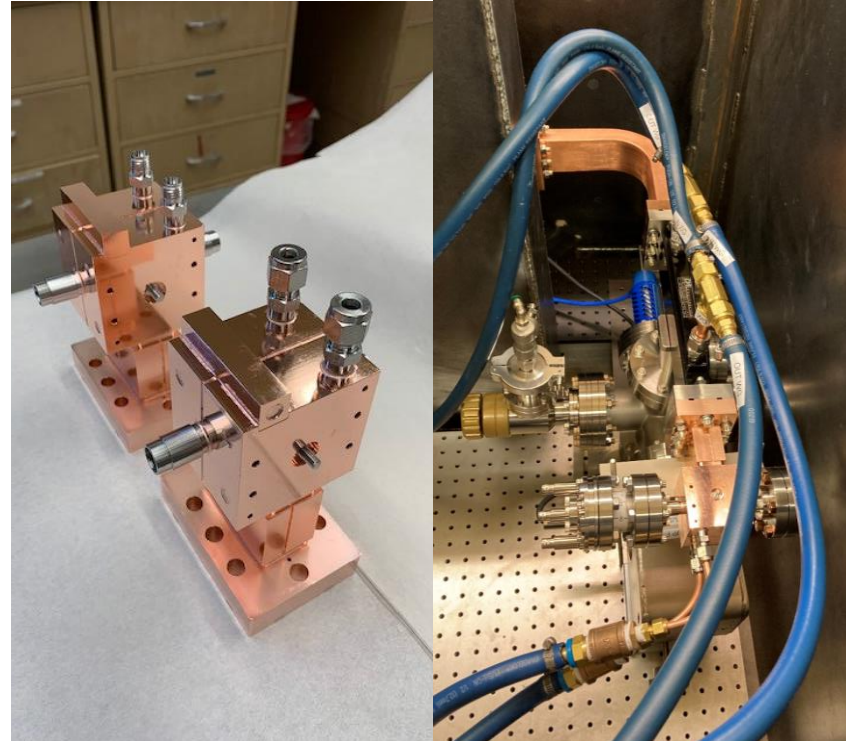
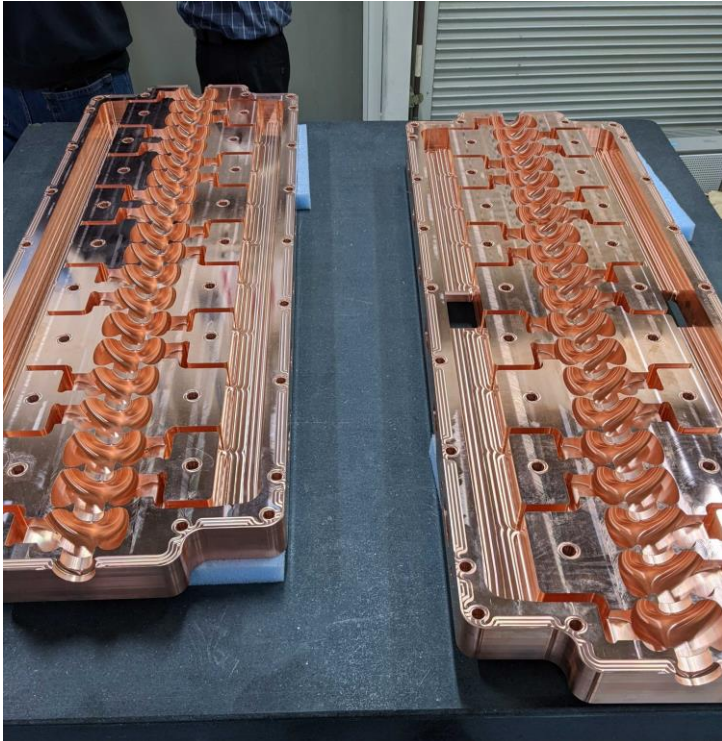
Beam dynamic

Cryomodule

S-Band Wide Aperture
(Injector, Capture and Booster Linac)

A single cell C-band structure
High Power Test at LANL

C³ Prototype One Meter Structure
High Power Test at Radiabeam



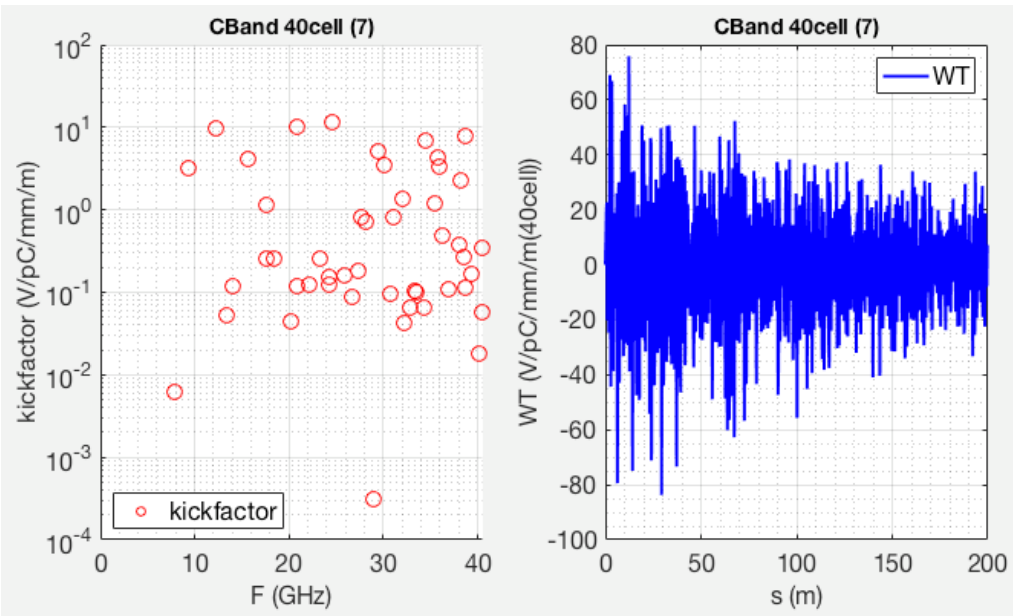
On Going R&D Progress

❖ Structure

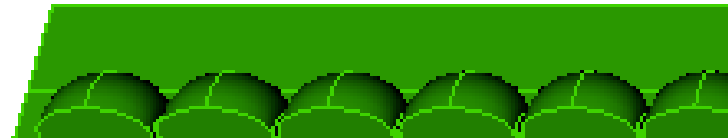
Beam dynamic

Cryomodule

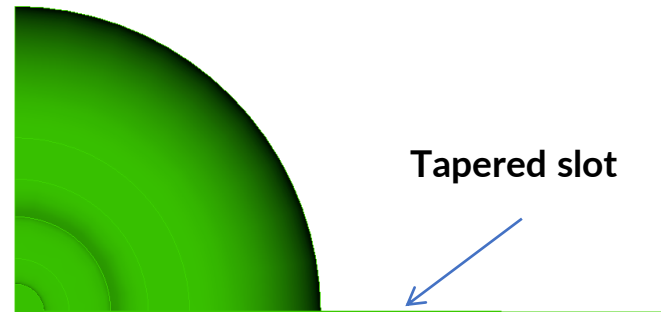
Wakefield of 1-m structure of 40 identical cells



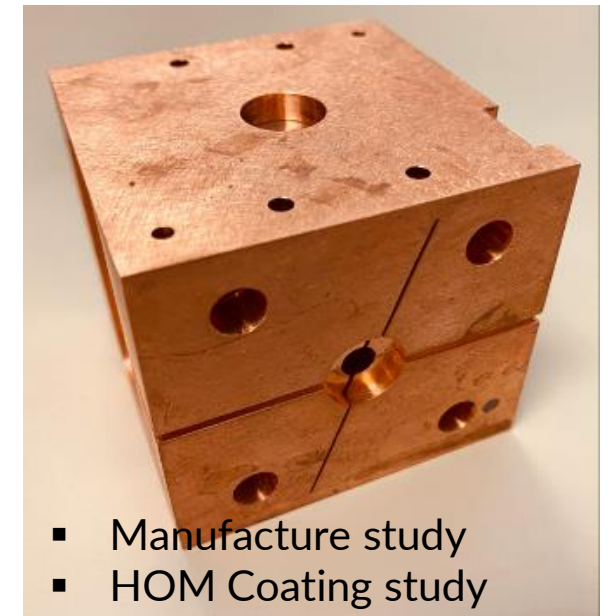
HOM Damping Design



slot height: 300 ~ 100 micron
Slot surface conductivity: $1e6$ s



Damping Slot
Prototype/coating



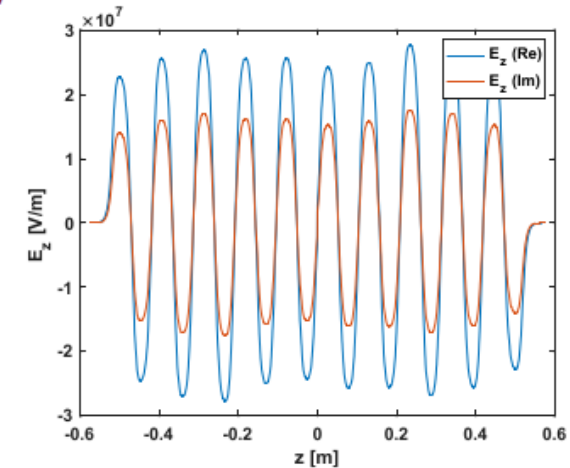
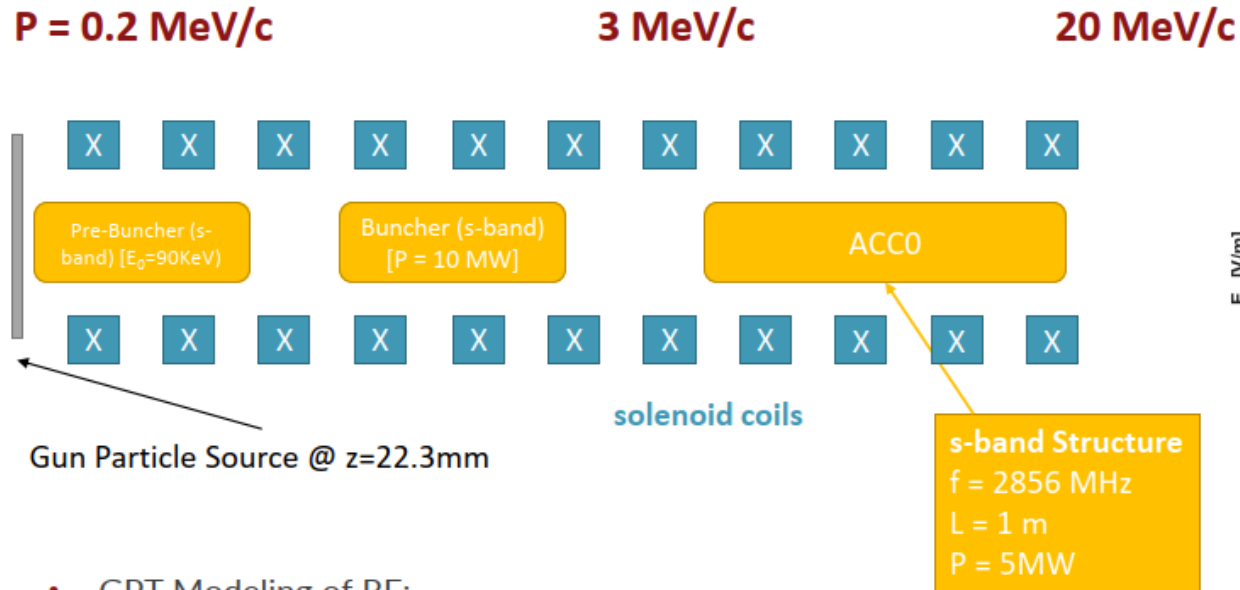
On Going R&D Progress

❖ Structure

Beam dynamic

Cryomodule

High Current (300 mA) DC Injector Design Study



- GPT Modeling of RF:
 - Pre-buncher = cylindrical symmetric pillbox cavity in TM010 mode
 - Buncher = $2/3\pi$ TW structure
 - Standing-wave accelerating structure using field profile imported from HFSS
- Optimize: Solenoid Field profile, Buncher phase, Pre-Buncher \rightarrow Buncher z-offset

3

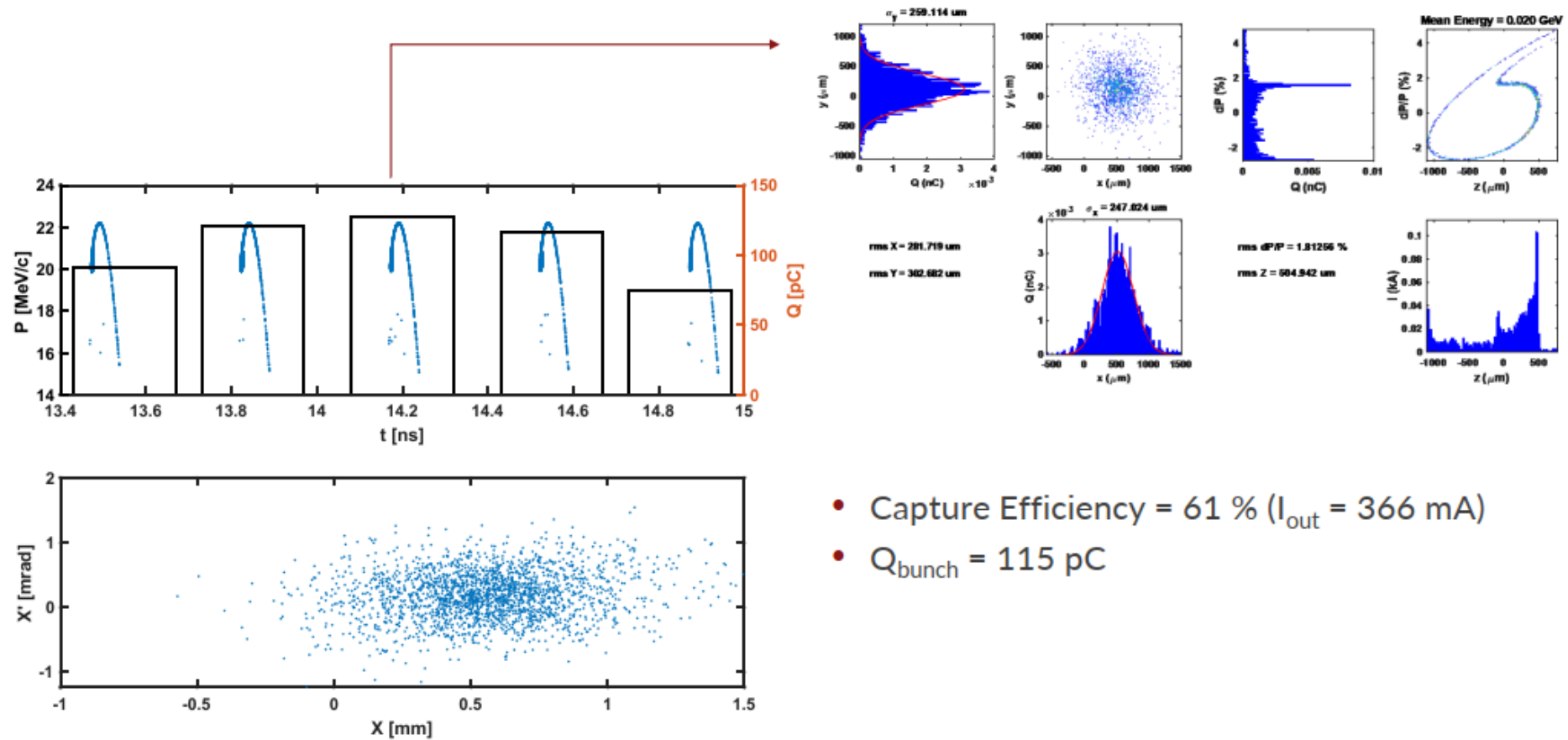
On Going R&D Progress

❖ Structure

Beam dynamic

Cryomodule

High Current (300 mA) DC Injector Design Study



- Capture Efficiency = 61 % ($I_{\text{out}} = 366 \text{ mA}$)
- $Q_{\text{bunch}} = 115 \text{ pC}$

On Going R&D Progress

❖ Structure

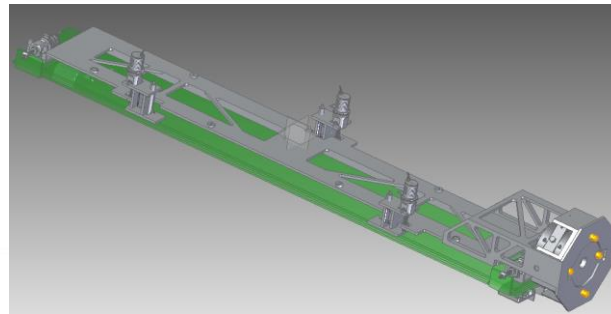
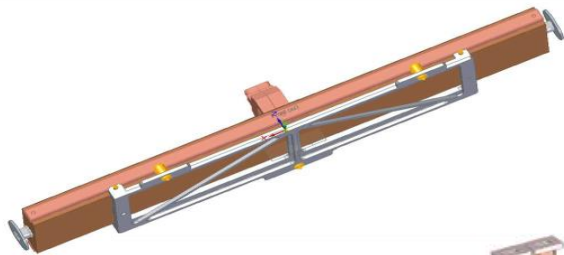
- Raft design and alignment
- Thermal dynamics

Beam dynamic

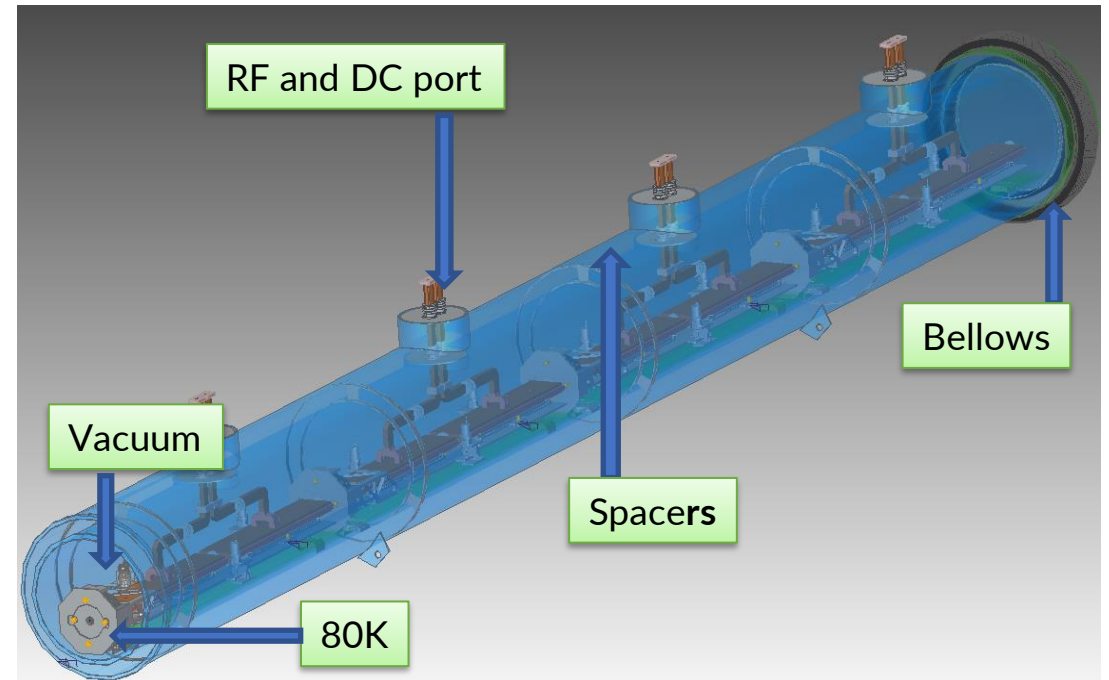
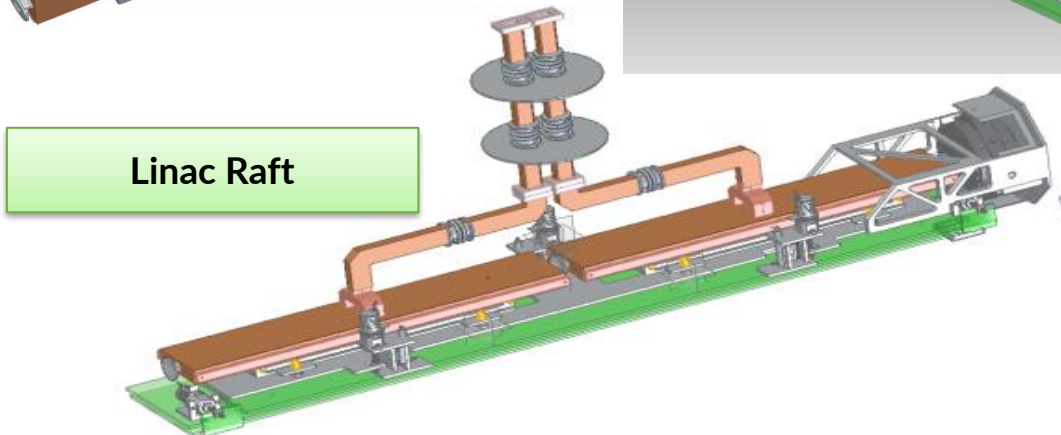
Cryomodule

Linac alignment structure

Raft mounting structure



Linac Raft



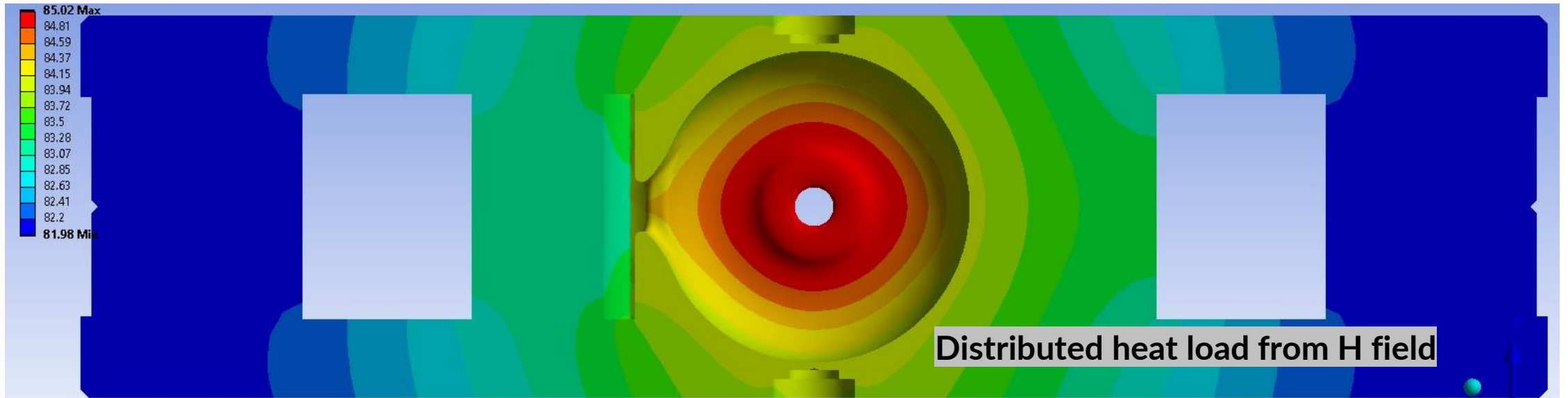
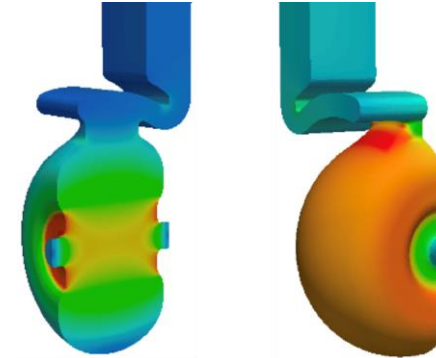
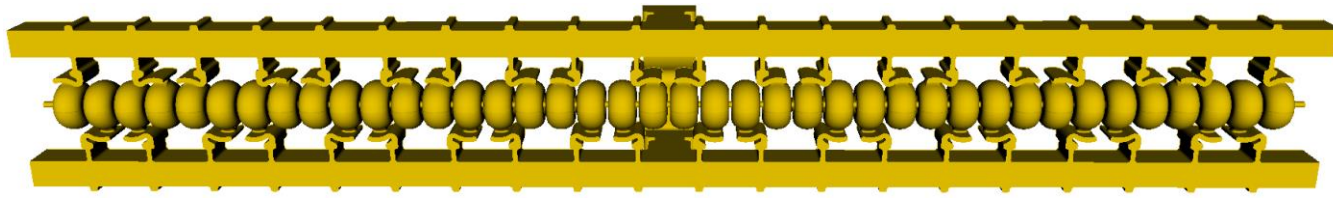
On Going R&D Progress

❖ Structure

- Raft design and alignment
- Thermal dynamics

Beam dynamic

Cryomodule



Distributed heat load from H field

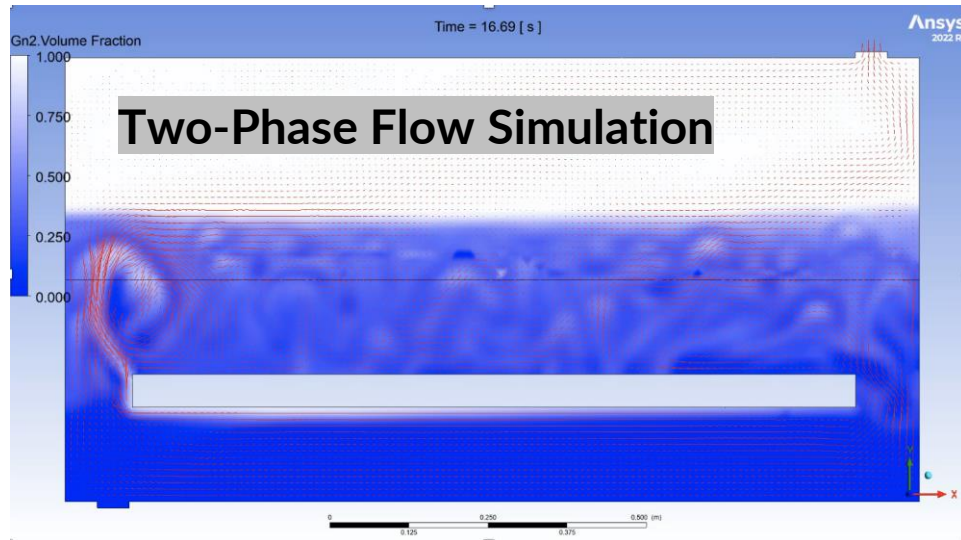
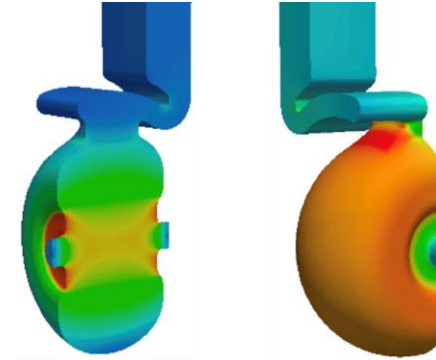
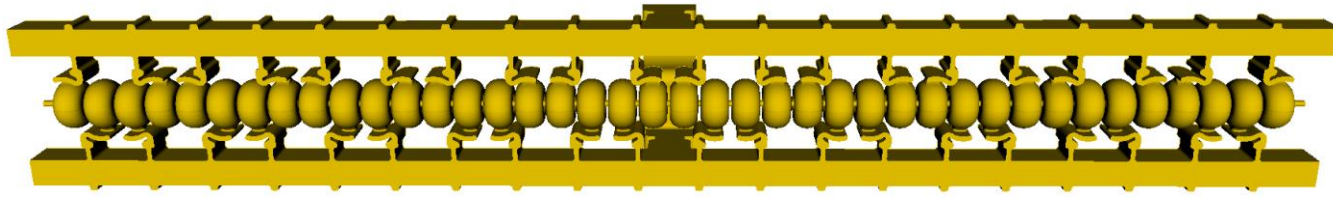
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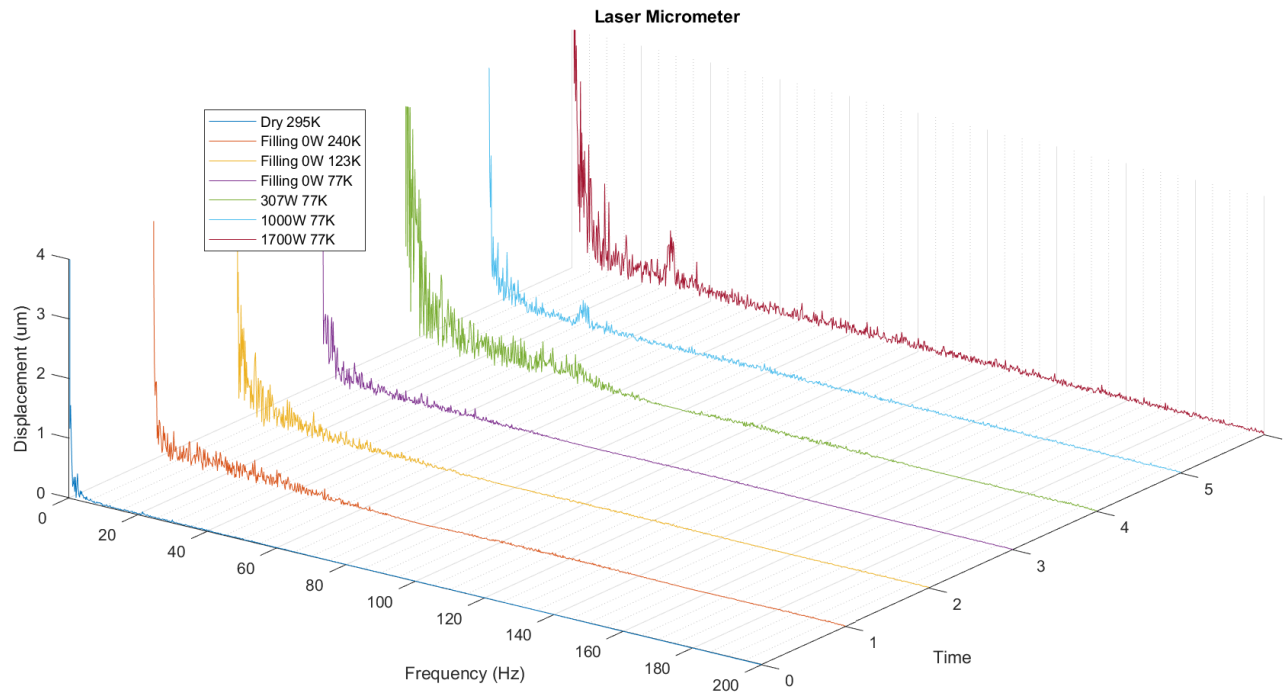
On Going R&D Progress

❖ Structure

- Raft design and alignment
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Beam dynamic

Cryomodule



Laser
Microm
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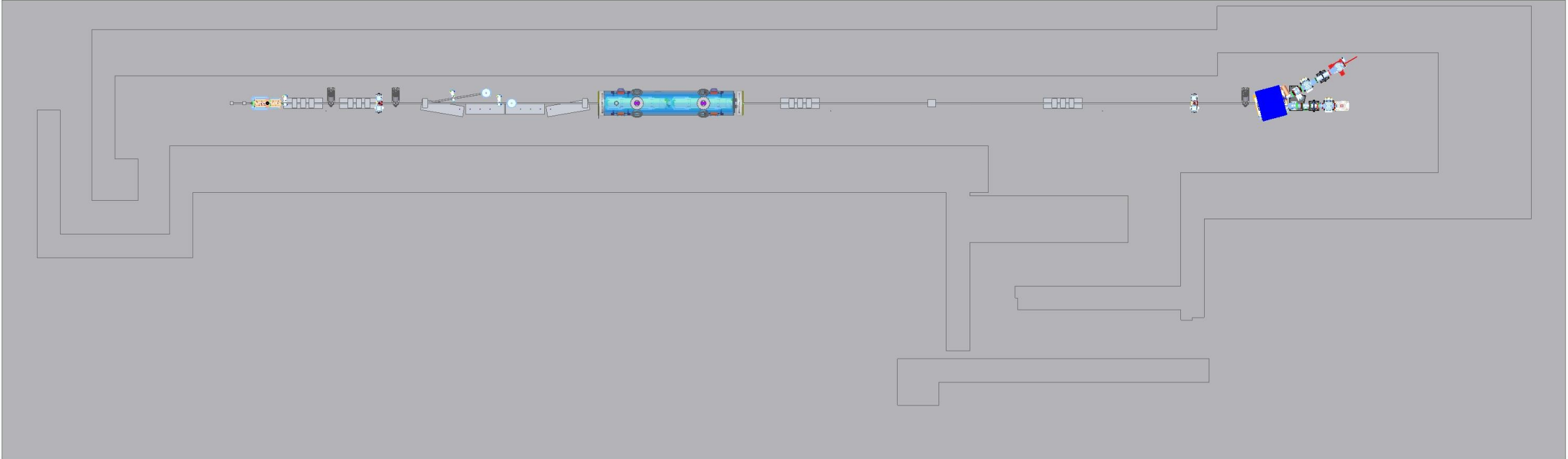
RTD Temperature
Sensor

Accelerometers

Vibration Emulation Test

On Going R&D Progress

❖ HCM Test Layout in NLCTA





Demo R&D Plan Summary

□ In Next 4 Years

- ✓ Finish few prototype structures (with and without damping) test
- ✓ Accomplish C3 technology scale-up engineering design minimum demonstration
 - Half cryomodule demonstration with high current/charge beam
 - Built two high power c-band test stands
- ✓ Initiates industrial engagement for manufacturability development

□ Possible applications

- ✓ Compact medical and industrial linac.
- ✓ Low emittance NC photo injector development
- ✓ Energy booster linac for LCLS-X
- ✓ Compact full energy linac injector for Synchrotron light source

Thank you so much!

Questions?