# Reconstructing Michel Electrons in ICARUS with Deep Learning

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- Large-scale (760-ton) LArTPC detector currently at Fermilab
- Wire LArTPC => 2D images
- cluster 3d algorithm from T. Usher reconstructs 3D points from 2D wire images
- Cathode Cathod
- Following slides use a dataset made with ICARUS detector simulation.

# **Reconstructing 3D points**



Problem: cluster3d yields a lot of false positives = "**ghost points**"

First step is to remove ghosts!

### How do ghost points arise?



#### Output of cluster3d = Network input



# **Reconstructing 3D points**

Predicted non-ghost voxels





# **Reconstructing 3D points**

**92**%

**94**%

Fraction of non-ghost

voxels correctly

predicted

z

Fraction of ghost voxels correctly predicted

Remaining mistakes are "reasonable".



True ghost voxels mistakenly predicted as non-ghost



True non-ghost voxels mistakenly predicted as ghost

#### Predicted non-ghost voxels



# Particle type



5-classes semantic segmentation on predicted non-ghost voxels

- 80

- 60

-40

-20

#### Predicted particle type for each voxel



- Density-based clustering (DBSCAN) on predicted Michel & Track voxels
- Select Michel clusters attached at the edge of a Track cluster = candidate
  Michel clusters
- Match candidate Michel clusters with true Michel clusters using maximal voxel overlap count



How many candidate Michel clusters can be matched to a true cluster? How many true Michel clusters are matched to a candidate cluster?

98%

Identification

purity



93%

Identification efficiency

How many voxels in a matched candidate Michel cluster overlap with true? How many voxels in a matched true Michel cluster overlap with the candidate?



Clustering efficiency

88%

91%



# Next steps



- Demonstrates a simple way to reconstruct Michel electrons in ICARUS using Deep Learning with high efficiency/purity
- First physics output of our ML-based LArTPC data
  reconstruction chain without using any truth information!
- Future work includes: clustering radiative photons, using predicted points of interest, analyzing mistakes...