

ANALYSIS

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based on material kindly provided by

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Introduction

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Geant4 **does not provide** a complete analysis sub-system

- Our user community is too **heterogeneous**
- Each user group has its own requirements and a favourite tool
 - e.g. **Python, ROOT** in HEP, what is yours ?

Typical simulation output consists of

- **n-tuple like** tables (row: event, column: quantity)
- **histograms**

Status of g4analysis

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Analysis category in Geant4 since December 2011

- Before it, the analysis code in Geant4 examples used external tools (based on [AIDA](#) = Abstract Interfaces for Data Analysis) that had to be linked with the Geant4 application to produce histograms or ntuples

Area of **new developments** and improvements: more features are added in each release

- Example: better MPI (Message Passing Interface) support

Based on [g4tools](#) from inlib/exlib developed by Guy Barrand (LAL, France)

- <http://inexlib.lal.in2p3.fr>
- “**Pure header code**” - all code is inlined : can be installed on iOS, Android, UNIXes, Windows...

Provides unique interface to **write histograms and “flat n-tuples”** (i.e. with primitive types) in several formats:

ROOT, XML AIDA, CSV, HBOOK

Status of **g4analysis**

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It includes a manager **G4AnalysisManager** (singleton):

- Handles output file(s) creation
- Owns and handles histograms and n-tuples

It provides

- Uniform interface
 - Hides the differences according to a selected technology (root, XML, HBOOK, CSV) from the user
- Higher level management of g4tools objects (file, histograms, n-tuples)
 - Memory management
 - Access to histograms, n-tuple columns via indexes

Integration in the Geant4 framework

- Interactive commands, units

It is **thread-safe** and provides **automatic merging** of histograms

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Histograms

Using Geant4 Analysis

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3 basic steps

1. - Create/get the **G4AnalysisManager**
 - Book (create) your **histograms, n-tuples**
 - Open a file
2. Fill values in histograms, n-tuples
3. Write & close file

Using Geant4 Analysis

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The few basic steps in detail...

1. Create `G4AnalysisManager` in `RunAction::BeginOfRunAction()`
Open an output file in `RunAction::BeginOfRunAction()`
Book (create) your `histograms, n-tuples` in `RunAction::BeginOfRunAction()`
2. Fill values in histograms, n-tuples anywhere during event processing,
e.g. in `EventAction::EndOfEventAction()`
3. Write & close file in `RunAction::EndOfRunAction()`

Note: performing the steps in the suggested classes & methods is not mandatory, but it guarantees correct functioning in `multi-threaded mode`

Selection of **output type**

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For simplicity of use, **G4AnalysisManager** provides a complete access to all interfaced methods for all output formats: **ROOT, CSV, AIDA XML**

- though it is implemented via a more complex design
- the real type is different for each output type:
G4RootAnalysisManager, G4CsvAnalysisManager, G4XmlAnalysisManager

The generic types are defined in dedicated header files for each output type:

- **g4root.hh, g4csv.hh, g4xml.hh**
- using **namespaces** and **typedefs**

It is recommended to **add the selected include in an extra header file MyAnalysis.hh** and **include this header file in all classes** which use g4analysis

Changing the format requires only one line change in this **MyAnalysis.hh** header

MyAnalysis.hh

```
#ifndef MyAnalysis_h
#define MyAnalysis_h 1

#include "g4root.hh"
// #include "g4csv.hh"
// #include "g4xml.hh"
#endif
```

1) Step 1: creation

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MyRunAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyRunAction::BeginOfRunAction(const G4Run* run)
{
    // Create/get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();
    analysisManager->SetVerboseLevel(1);

    // Open an output file
    analysisManager->OpenFile("MyApplication");

    // Create histograms
    analysisManager->CreateH1("Edep", "Energy deposit", 100, 0., 800*MeV);
    analysisManager->CreateH1("Tlen", "Track length", 100, 0., 100*mm);
}
```

2) Step 2: filling

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Example of filling 2 one-dimensional histograms

MyEventAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyEventAction::EndOfEventAction(const G4Event* event)
{
    // Get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();

    // Fill histograms
    analysisManager->FillH1(0, fEdep);
    analysisManager->FillH1(1, fTrackLength);
}
```

3) Step 3: write & close

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Example of writing & closing the output file

MyRunAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyRunAction::EndOfRunAction(const G4Run* run)
{
    // Get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();

    // Write and close the output file
    analysisManager->Write();
    analysisManager->CloseFile();
}
```

More on histograms

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1D, 2D, 3D histograms and 1D, 2D profile histograms available

Histogram **identifiers**

- The histogram **ID** is **automatically generated** (when a histogram is created by `G4AnalysisManager::CreateH1()`), and its value is returned from this function
 - Note: the histogram names have no relation to the histogram ID which is used at filling
- The **default start value 0** can be changed (eg. to 1) with:
`G4AnalysisManager::SetFirstHistold(G4int)`
 - The 1D, 2D and 3D histograms IDs are defined independently

Histogram **objects**

- It is also possible to **access directly a histogram** by
`G4AnalysisManager::GetH1(G4int id)`

The concrete histogram type is hidden behind a selected namespace (e.g. root, csv,...)

```
G4cout << "Print histograms statistic \n" << G4endl;  
G4cout << "  EAbs : mean = " << analysisManager->GetH1(1)->mean()  
      << "  rms = " << analysisManager->GetH1(1)->rms() << G4endl;
```

Histogram options

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Properties, additional to those defined in g4tools, can be added to histograms via [G4AnalysisManager](#)

- **Unit** : if defined, all filled values are automatically converted to this defined unit
- **Function** : if defined, the function is automatically executed on the filled values (can be **log**, **log10**, **exp**)
 - When a histogram is defined with both unit and function, then the unit is applied first
- **Binning scheme** : users can define a non-equidistant binning scheme (passing a vector of bin edges)
 - UI command only for lin/log scheme
- **ASCII option** : if activated the histogram is also printed in an ASCII file when [G4AnalysisManager::Write\(\)](#) function is called
- See [/analysis/h1 /set](#) UI commands

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Ntuples

1) Step 1: creation

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Example of creating an n-tuple

MyRunAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyRunAction::BeginOfRunAction(const G4Run* run)
{
    // Create analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();
    analysisManager->SetVerboseLevel(1);

    // Open an output file
    analysisManager->OpenFile("MyApplication");

    // Creation of ntuple
    analysisManager->CreateNtuple("MyNtuple", "Edep and TrackLength");
    // X = D in CreateNtupleXColumn stands for G4double (I,F,D,S)
    analysisManager->CreateNtupleDColumn("Eabs");
    analysisManager->CreateNtupleDColumn("Labs");
    analysisManager->FinishNtuple();
}
```

2) Step 2: filling

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Example of filling an ntuple

MyEventAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyEventAction::EndOfEventAction(const G4Event* event)
{
    // Get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();

    // Fill ntuple
    analysisManager->FillNtupleDColumn(0, fEnergyAbs);
    analysisManager->FillNtupleDColumn(1, fTrackLAbs);
    analysisManager->AddNtupleRow();
}
```

3) Step 3: write & close

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Example of writing & closing the output file

MyRunAction.cc

```
#include "MyAnalysis.hh"

void MyRunAction::EndOfRunAction(const G4Run* run)
{
    // Get analysis manager
    G4AnalysisManager* analysisManager = G4AnalysisManager::Instance();

    // Write and close the output file
    analysisManager->Write();
    analysisManager->CloseFile();
}
```

More on ntuples

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N-tuple and N-tuple Column identifiers

- **Automatically** generated when the n-tuple or n-tuple column is created by `G4AnalysisManager::CreateNtuple()` or `G4AnalysisManager::CreateNtupleXColumn()` and its value is returned from this function.
- The **default start value 0** can be changed with the `G4AnalysisManager::SetFirstNtupleId(G4int)` and `G4AnalysisManager::SetFirstNtupleColumnId(G4int)` methods.
- In a similar way as for histogram ID

The n-tuple **column ID** is not specific to the column type: available column types:

- integer (I), float (F), double (D), string (S)
- `std::vector` of integer (I), float (F), double (D) types

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UI commands

Analysis **UI** commands (1 / 3): **options** and **output file** handling

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General options

```
# Set verbose level
/analysis/verbose level
# Set activation option (one of the followings)
/analysis/setActivation id true|false
/analysis/setActivationToAll true|false
/analysis/h1/set 1 100 0 50 cm #track length of prim.
```

Handling output files and general options

```
# Set name for the histograms and n-tuple file
/analysis/setFileName name
# Set name for the histograms/n-tuple directory
/analysis/setHistoDirName name
/analysis/setNtupleDirName name
```

UI commands (2/3)

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Commands to create or define 1D histogram

```
# Create 1D histogram
/analysis/h1/create name title [nbin min max] [unit] [fcn] [binscheme]

# Set histogram parameters from UI command
/analysis/h1/set id nbin min max [unit] [fcn] [binscheme]
```

Example of a macro `gammaSpectrum.mac` in `TestEm5` example ([examples/extended/electromagnetic/TestEm5/gammaSpectrum.mac](#))

```
/analysis/setFileName gammaSpectrum
/analysis/h1/set 3 200 0.01 10 MeV #gamma: energy at vertex
/analysis/h1/set 5 200 0.01 10 MeV log10 #gamma: energy at vertex (log10)
/analysis/h1/set 20 200 0 6 MeV #gamma: energy at exit
/analysis/h1/set 40 200 0 6 MeV #gamma: energy at back
```

Analogous commands are available for 2D and 3D histograms and 1D and 2D profiles

UI commands (3/3)

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For 1D histograms control

```
# Activate printing 1D histogram on ASCII file
/analysis/h1/setAscii id true|false
# Set title for the 1D histogram
/analysis/h1/setTitle id title
# Set x-axis, y-axis title for the 1D histogram
/analysis/h1/setXaxis id title
/analysis/h1/setYaxis id title
# Set activation for the id 1D histogram
/analysis/h1/setActivation id true|false
# Set activation to all 1D histograms
/analysis/h1/setActivationToAll true|false
```

The same sets of commands are available for 2D and 3D histograms and 1D and 2D profiles, under h2, h3, p1 and p2 directories

More: **batch** graphics (1 / 3)

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Since Version 10.2

Users can activate plotting of selected histograms and profiles using **G4AnalysisManager** methods

```
// Activate plotting of 1D histogram  
analysisManager->SetH1Plotting(id, true);  
// etc for H2, H3, P1, P2
```

Or via UI command

```
/analysis/h1/setPlotting id true|false  
/analysis/h1/setPlottingToAll true|false  
## etc for h2, h3, p1, p2
```

The selected objects will be plotted in a single postscript (.ps) file with the page size fixed to A4 format

More: **output** files (2/3)

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Depending on selected file format, multiple output files can be produced

ROOT

- All histograms, profiles and n-tuples are written in one file

XML (AIDA)

- The histograms and profiles are written in one file, and each n-tuple is written in a separate file

CSV (comma-separated values)

- Each histogram, profile and n-tuple are written in a separate file

File names are generated automatically

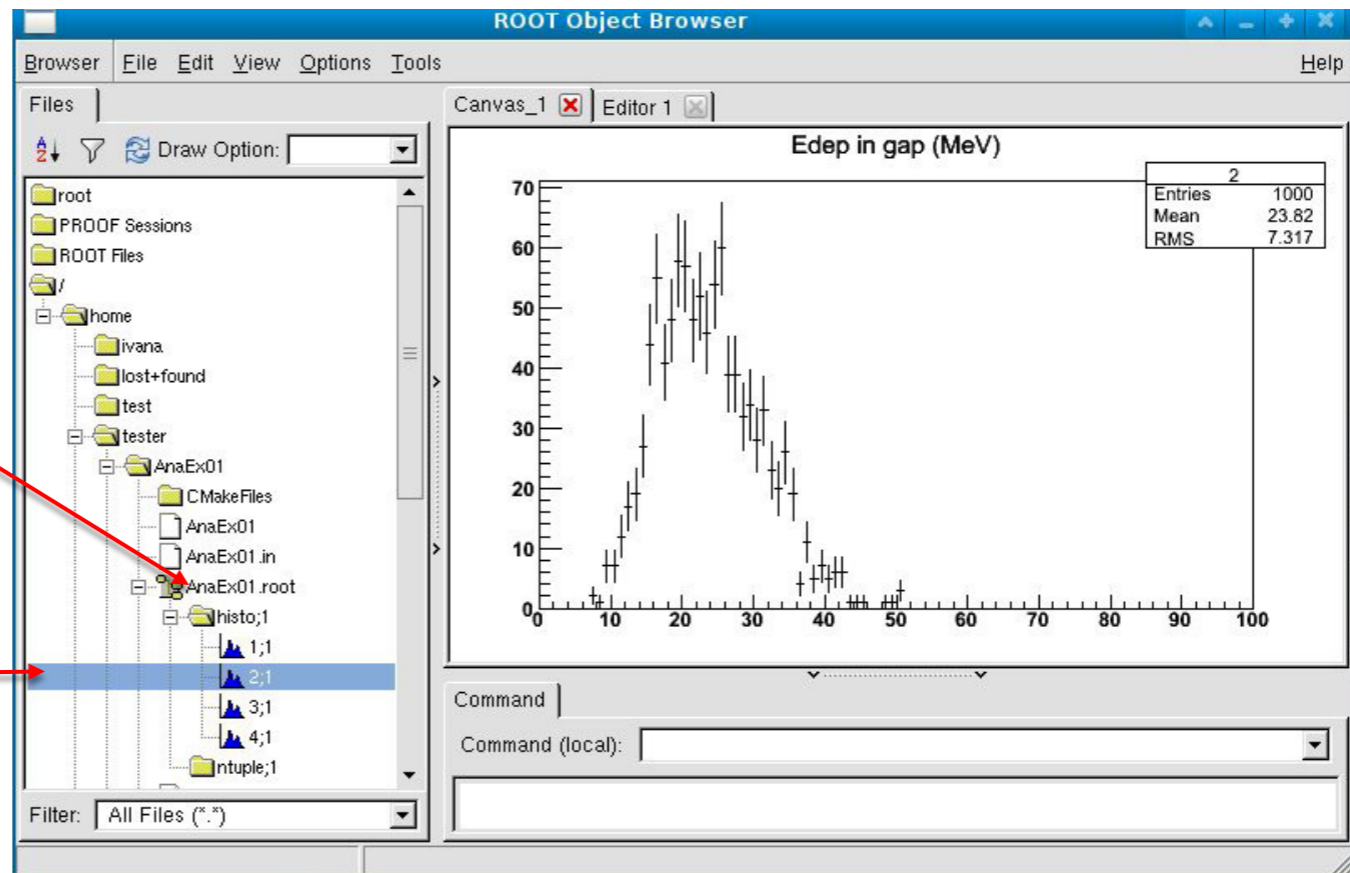
`fileName[_objectName].ext` where `ext = xml, csv, root`

A data analysis tool from CERN

Start session with `root`, then open a browser with:
`root [0] new TBrowser`

File generated
In Geant4
simulation

Selected H1
is automatically
drawn in the
canvas



Geant4 examples

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In [examples/extended/analysis](#), 3 examples to demonstrate how to make histograms and ntuples

- [AnaEx01](#) – use of Geant4 analysis tools
- [AnaEx02](#) – use of ROOT classes, requires linking with Root libraries
- [AnaEx03](#) – use of AIDA interface classes, requires linking with an AIDA compliant tool, eg. OpenScientist

http://geant4.web.cern.ch/geant4/UserDocumentation/Doxygen/examples_doc/html/Examples_analysis.html

[Geant4 Analysis Documentation](#)

Summary

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Geant4 provides a lightweight analysis tool as part of distribution

Can handle **histograms** (1D, 2D, profiles) and **ntuples**

Variety of **UI commands**

Variety of **output formats**

Compatible with **MT**

- Histogram and ntuple merging

The Geant4 analysis is now used in all basic, extended and most of advanced examples

Users can also choose to use an external package and link their application against its libraries