

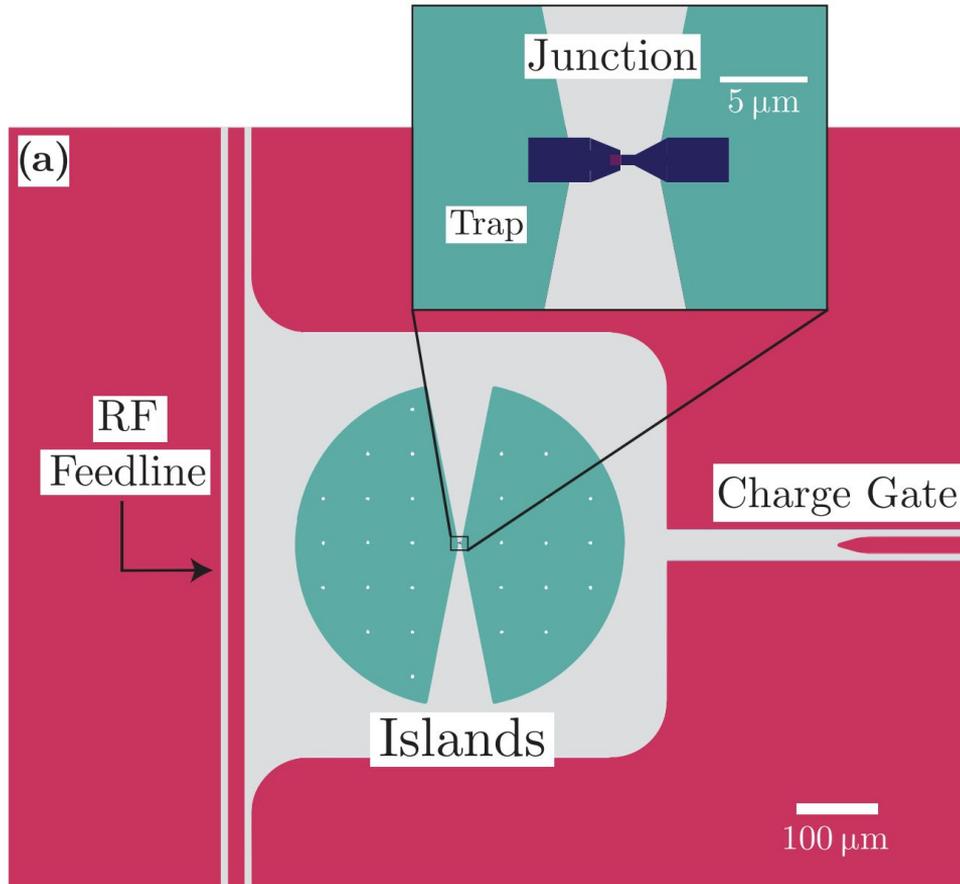


SQUAT Design

Drew Gibson, Alain Fauquex

10/29/2025

SQUAT



Theory

Drew Gibson

UC Berkeley



Hamiltonian of a Cooper-Pair-Box

$$\hat{H}_{\text{CPB}} = 4E_C \left(\hat{n} - n_g + \frac{P-1}{4} \right)^2 - E_J \cos \hat{\varphi}.$$

E_C = Single Electron Charging Energy

E_J = Josephson Coupling Energy

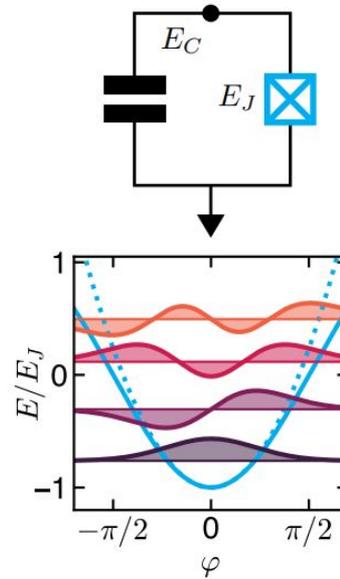
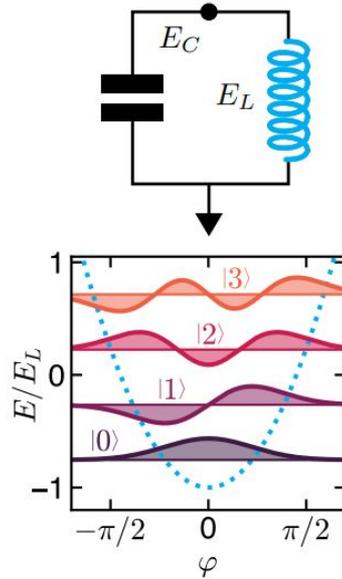
} “Tunable” Parameters

$$\hat{n} - n_g + \frac{P-1}{4}$$

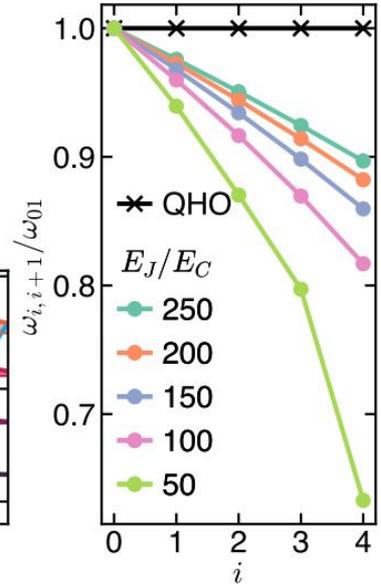
} Charge Environment

E_J/E_C

- The Josephson junction has a nonlinear inductance.
- When $E_J/E_C \approx 1$ the charge offset has a large effect on the energy eigenvalues.

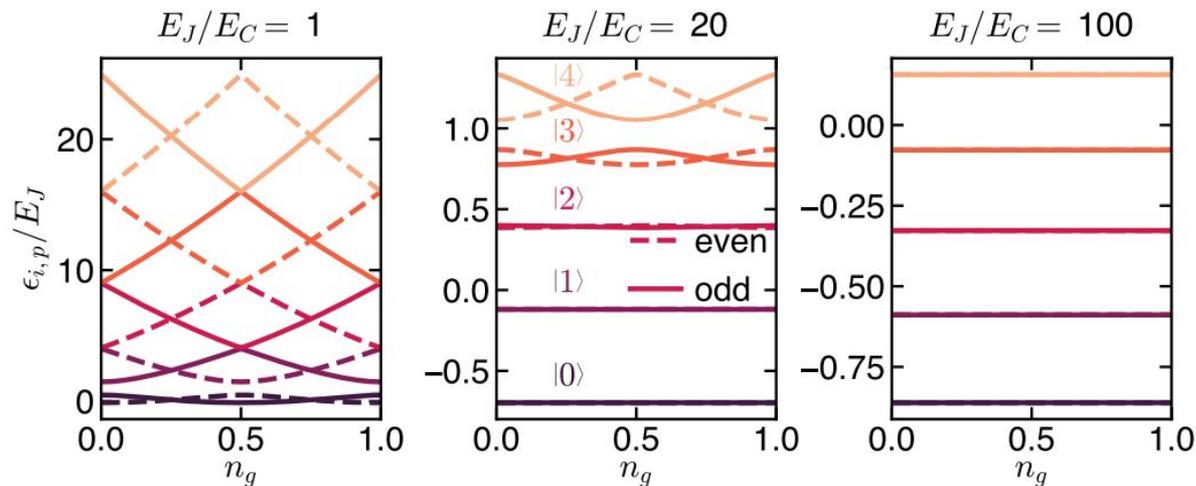


Serniak (2019)



E_J/E_C

- We need to find a happy middle ground.
- Balancing the sensitivity with established energy eigenvalues.



Serniak (2019)

Simulating Ec

Drew Gibson

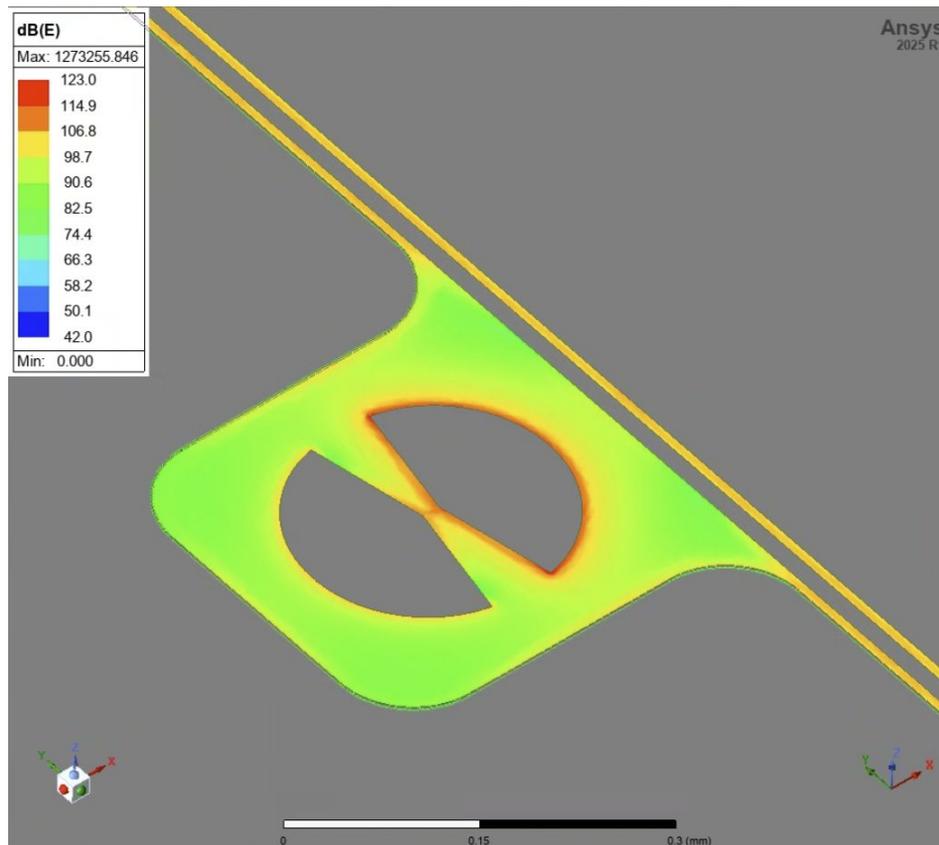
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Simulating E_C

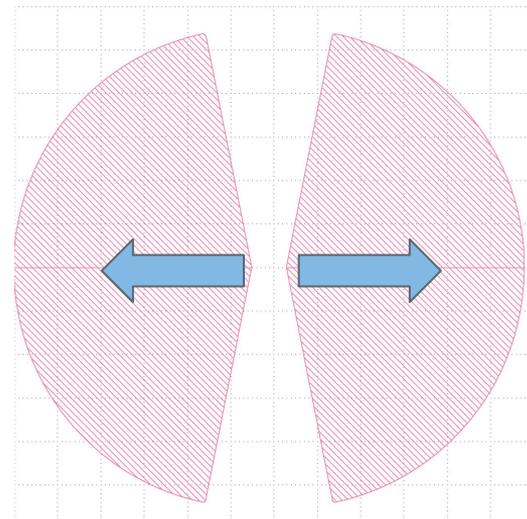
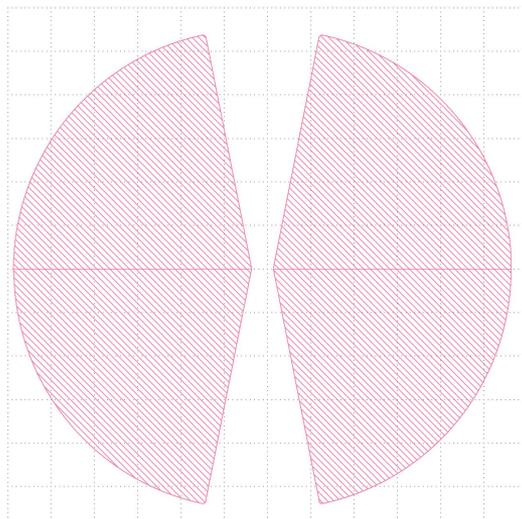
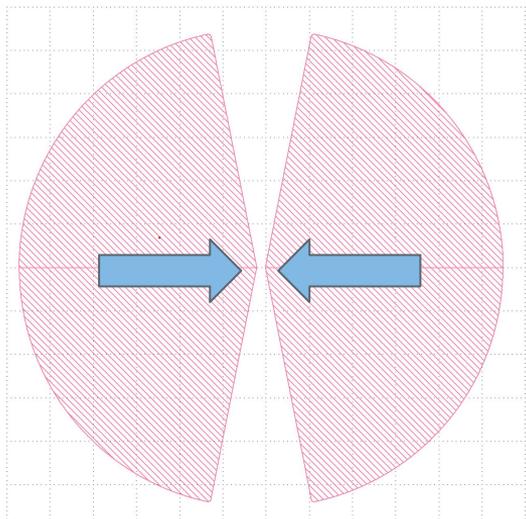
$$E_C = \frac{e^2}{2C_\Sigma}$$

- Maxwell simulations can provide capacitances.
- Currently running verifications
- Switching to Sonnet



Future Work with E_C

Slight imprecisions with optical lithography can cause variations in the actual capacitances of the islands.



Determining E_j and Simulating Eigenmodes of SQUATs

Alain Fauquex



UC Berkeley

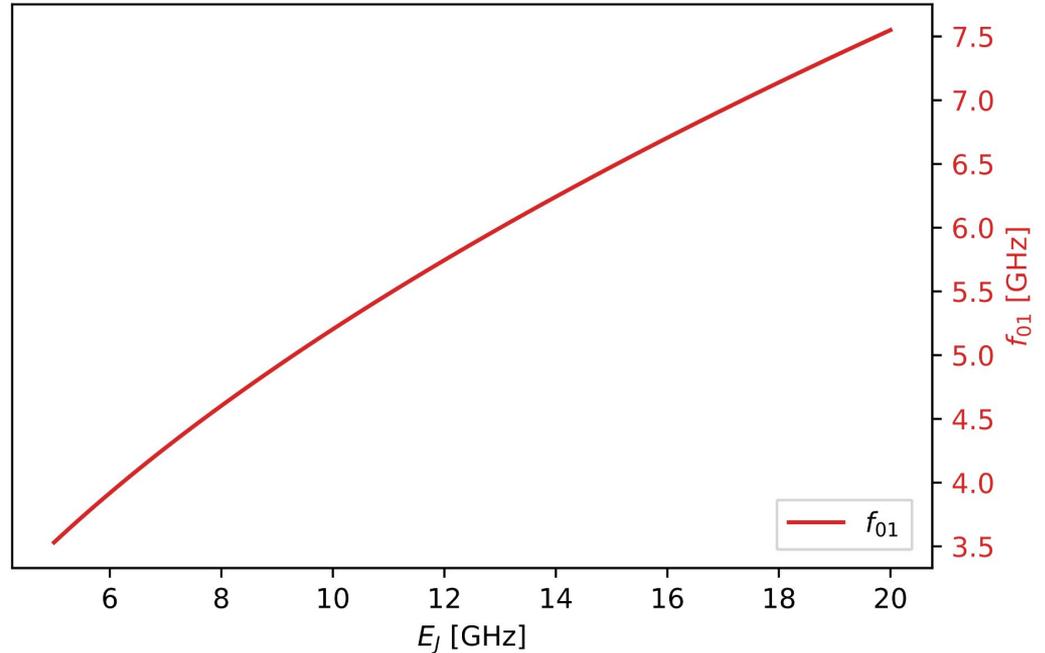
Determining a E_J of a SQUAT

Transition Frequency:

$$f_{01} \approx \frac{1}{h} \left(\sqrt{8E_C E_J} - E_C \right)$$

f_{01} : transition frequency,
 E_J : Josephson energy,
 E_C : charging energy

SQUAT Characteristics ($E_C = 0.4$ GHz)



Determining a E_J of a SQUAT

Transition Frequency:

$$f_{01} \approx \frac{1}{h} \left(\sqrt{8E_C E_J} - E_C \right)$$

Frequency dispersion:

$$\delta\epsilon_{01} \approx \chi_0 \cos(\pi n_g),$$

$$\text{where } \chi_0(E_J/E_C) := \chi_0$$

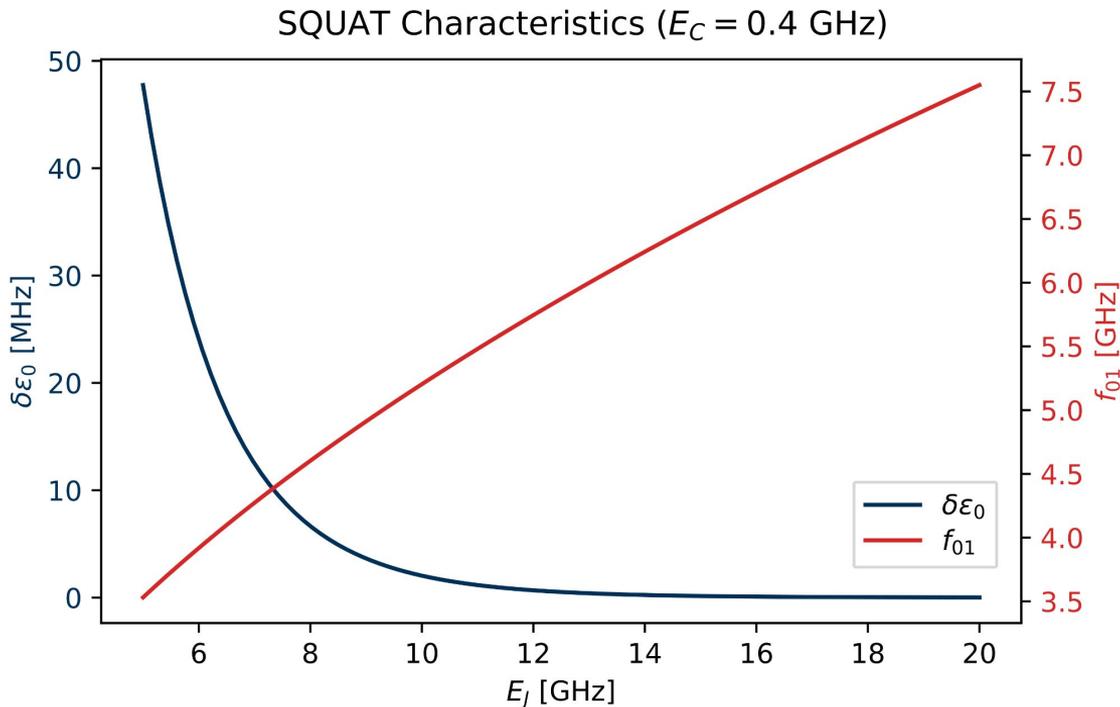
f_{01} : transition frequency,

E_J : Josephson energy,

E_C : charging energy,

χ_0 : charge-dispersion amplitude,

n_g : offset charge



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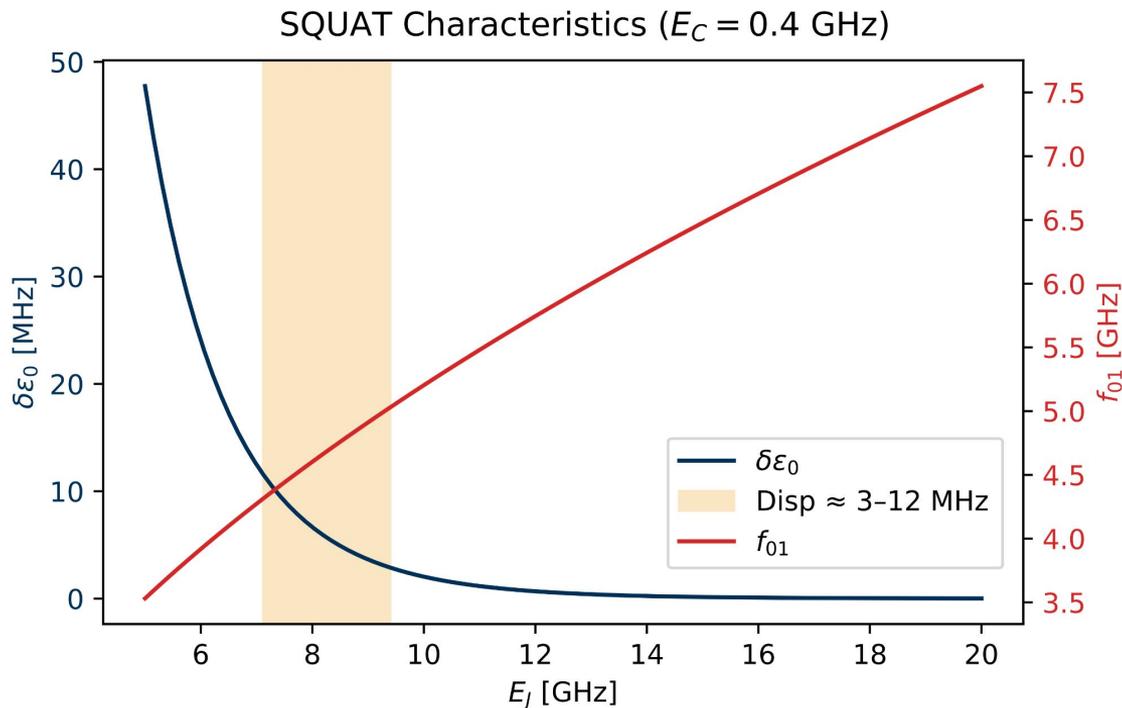
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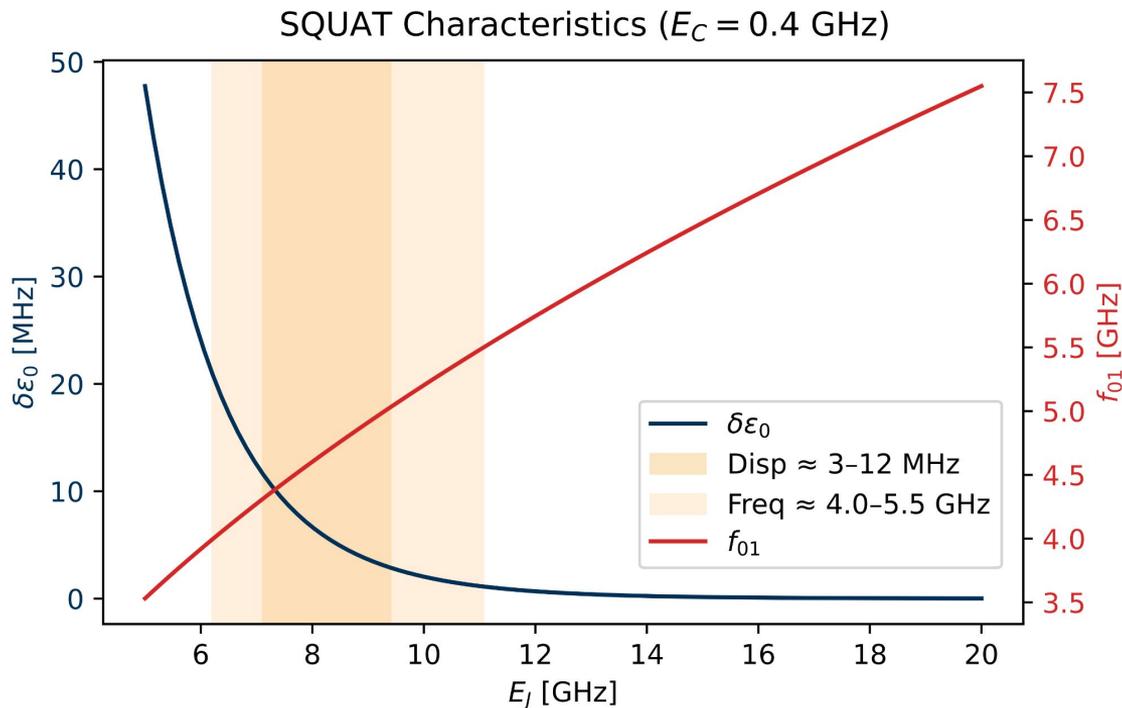
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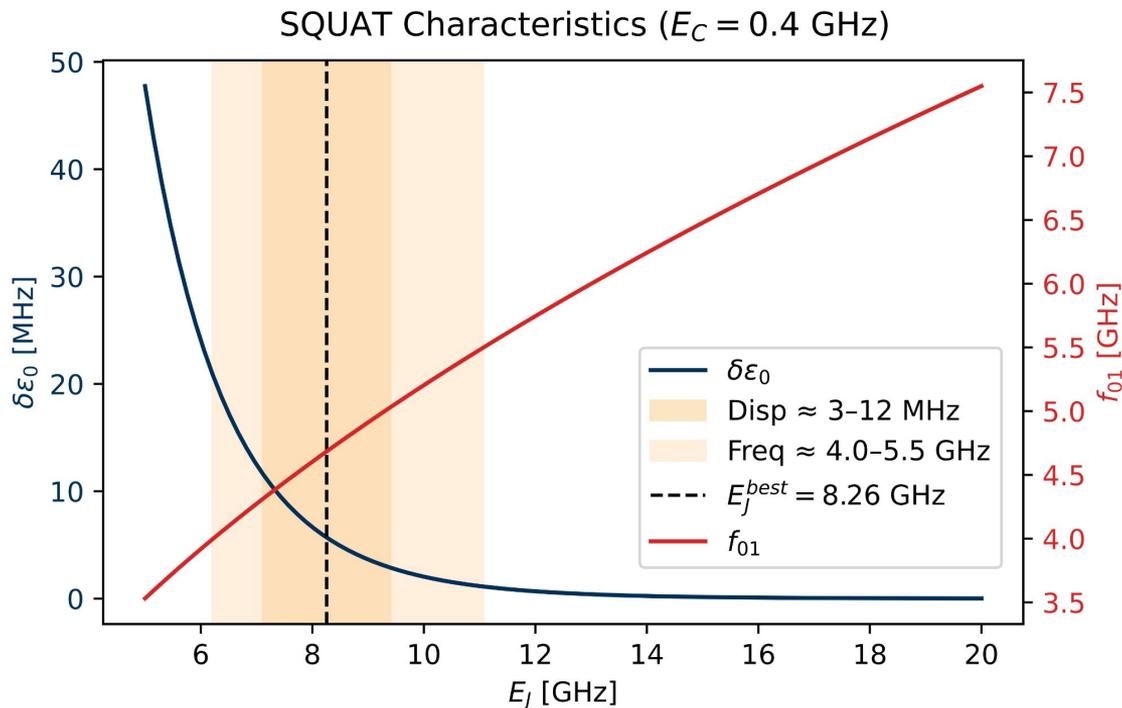
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Simulating the Eigenmode of a SQUAT

Lumped element josephson
inductance (L_J):

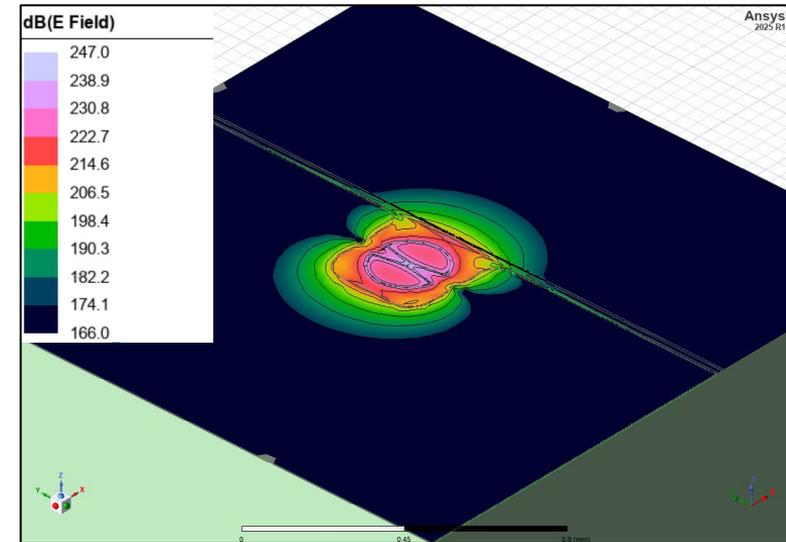
$$L_J = \frac{\hbar^2}{4e^2 E_J}$$

Simulating the Eigenmode of a SQUAT

Lumped element josephson inductance (L_J):

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Spatial distribution of qubit resonant mode:

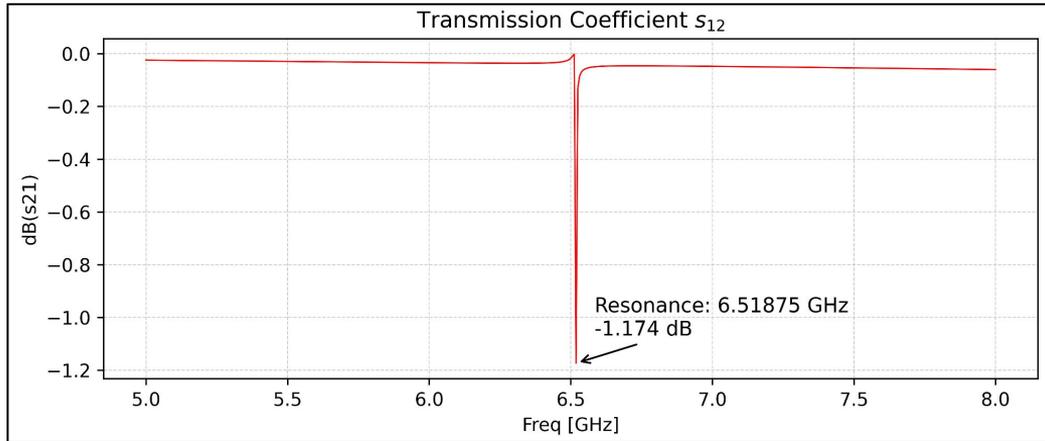


Simulating the Eigenmode of a SQUAT

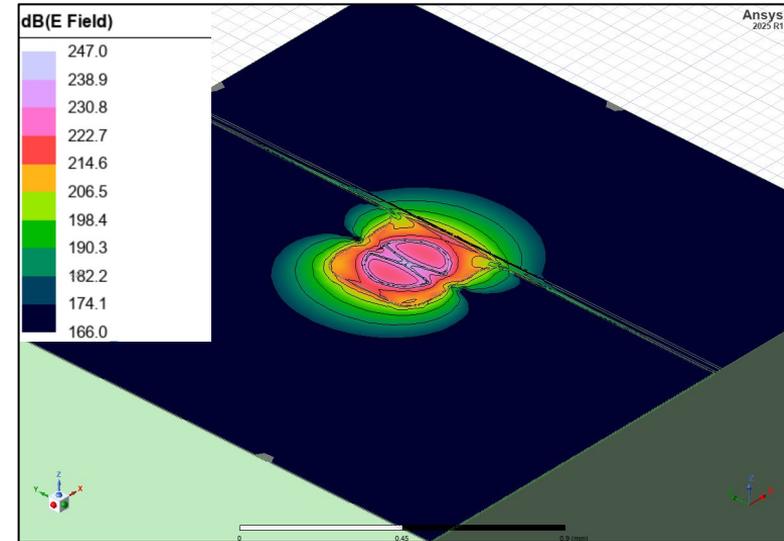
Lumped element Josephson inductance (L_J):

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Transmission response from driven modal simulation:



Spatial distribution of qubit resonant mode:



Future SQUAT Design Work

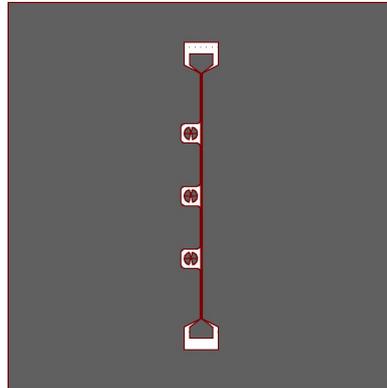
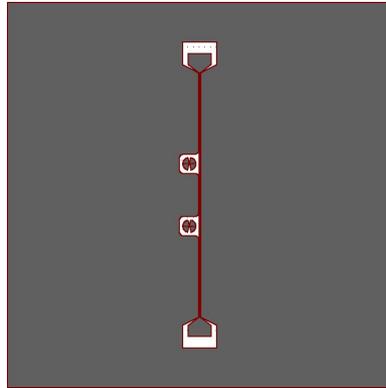
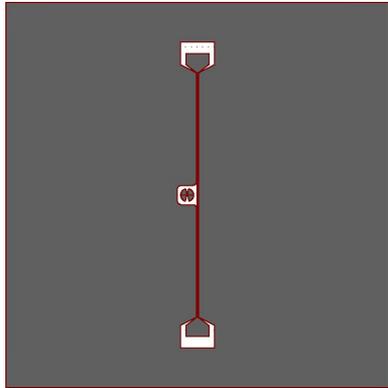
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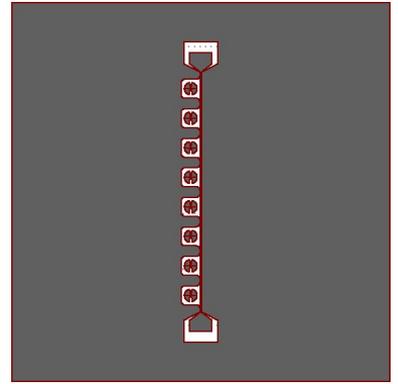


Future Design Work at Berkeley

- “Densifying” the SQUATs (theory, simulation, experiment)

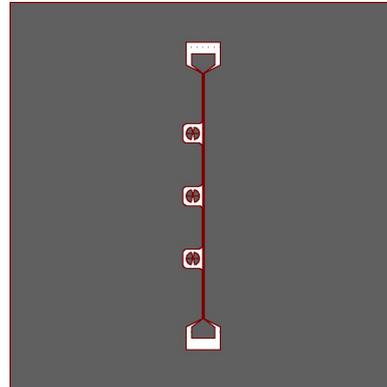
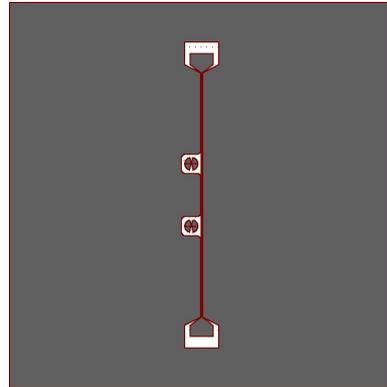
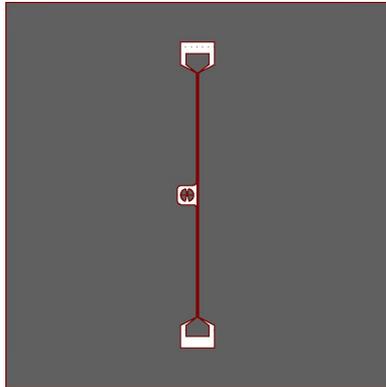
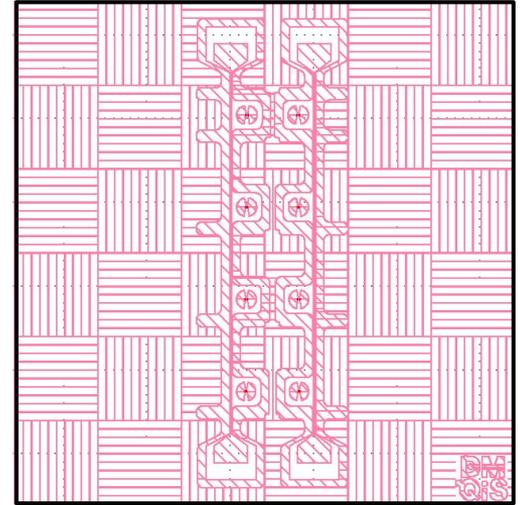


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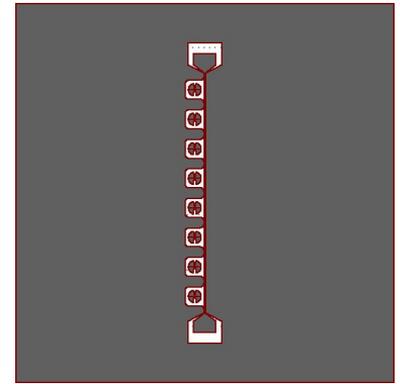


Future Design Work at Berkeley

- “Densifying” the SQUATs (theory, simulation, experiment)
- Less ground plane

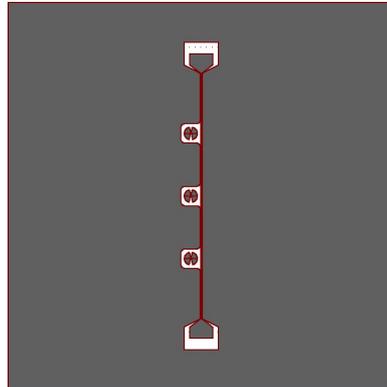
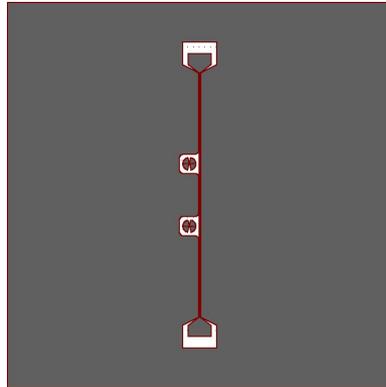
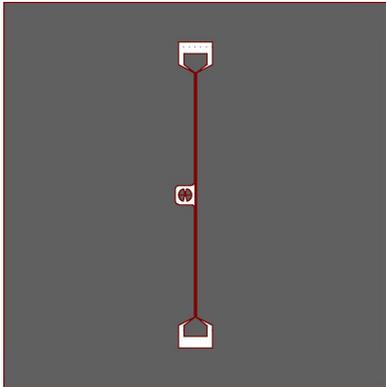
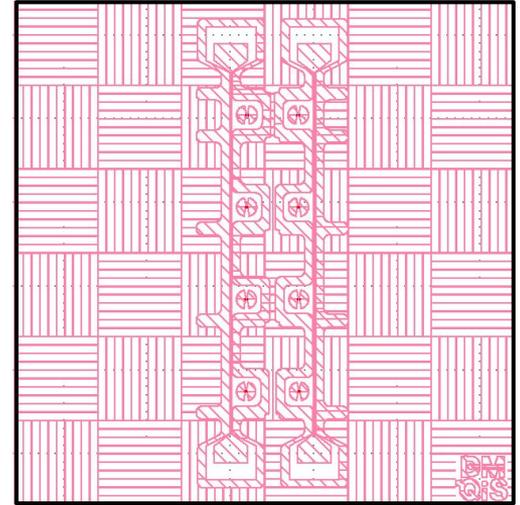


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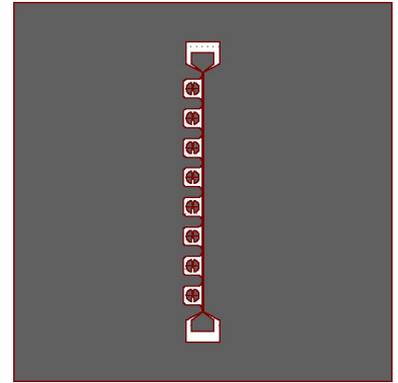


Future Design Work at Berkeley

- “Densifying” the SQUATs (theory, simulation, experiment)
- Less ground plane
- New materials (circuit elements & substrate)

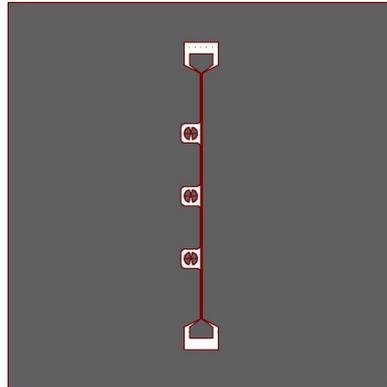
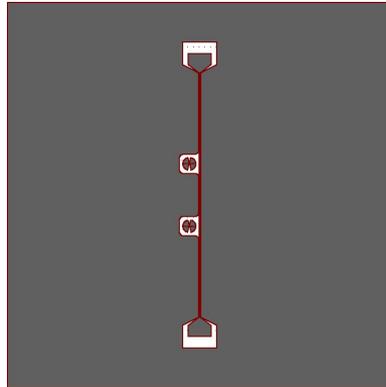
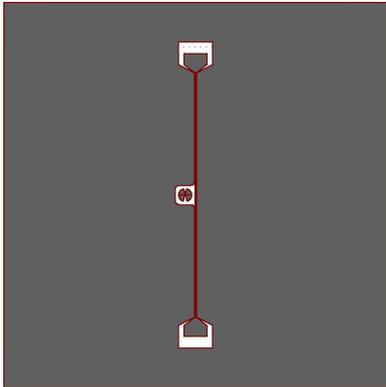
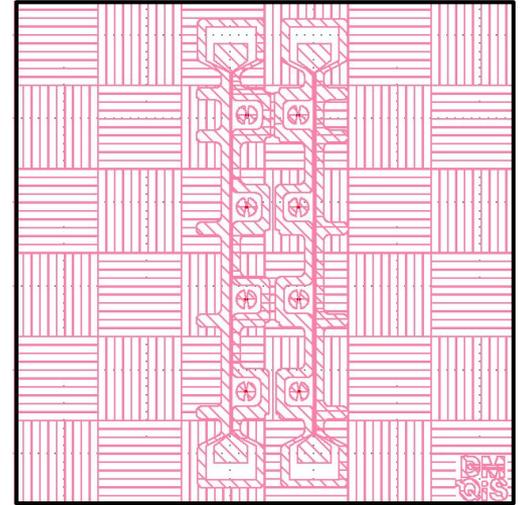


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Future Design Work at Berkeley

- “Densifying” the SQUATs (theory, simulation, experiment)
- Less ground plane
- New materials (circuit elements & substrate)
- Fast-cycle design test fridge



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